EQUALITY IMPACT ASSESSMENT AND ANALYSIS (EgIAA)

COUNCIL TAX REDUCTION SCHEME

SECTION 1 - INTRODUCTION

This EqIAA discusses the proposals relating to the council tax reduction scheme.

Background

In April 2013, council tax benefit was replaced by a local council tax reduction scheme. People who are entitled to a council tax reduction pay less council tax.

The government has said people of state pension credit age will continue to be assessed under a national scheme and will not be affected by any changes.

Proposals from April 2018

Consultees were provided with 4 options, these being:-

- Option 1: Adopt additional new rules for the scheme
- Option 2: Do not change the scheme
- Option 3: I do not have an opinion on the changes
- Option 4: My alternative proposal

SECTION 2 - CONSULTATION CONDUCTED

The Council issued a public consultation with regard to the proposed changes to the Council Tax Reduction Scheme.

The consultation commenced on 17 July to 8 October 2017.

- Consultation methods included:-
 - Online consultation via the council's website
 - Paper based consultation.
 - ➤ Voluntary/community organisations
 - Parish Councils
 - Letters to all existing LCTR recipients

Consultation Results

The consultation included questions in relation to respondents:-

- Gender
- Age
- Ethnic Origin
- Disability

In order that results and feedback can be disaggregated in respect of the questions raised.

SECTION 3 - RESEARCH CONDUCTED

Equality Impact Assessment and Analysis (EqIAA) is the process of finding out whether the council's 'Functions' (i.e. policies, procedures and practices) have a **differential impact** on different groups of people. It is about analysing actions/activities in relation to equality.

In the context of this EqIAA, this means finding out whether any groups of people would experience a differential impact should the Council change the LCTR scheme.

Data has been gathered in respect of working age recipients currently in receipt of LCTR. The following tables show this data, detailing the numbers and percentages of working age recipients currently in receipt of LCTR and who would potentially be affected by the Options.

		Male	Female	18	19 to 24	25 to 44	45 to 64	Total size of set
W	orking Age	804	1680	2	113	1190	1180	2484

	Male	Female	18	19 to 24	25 to 44	45 to 64	Total size of set
Working Age	32%	68%	1%	5%	48%	46%	2484

The data above shows the following:-

- Currently 2484 recipients of LCTR are potentially affected by the proposed changes to the Scheme this equates to approximately 7% of households in Three Rivers.
- ➤ Of the 2484 current recipients of LCTR, 1784 households have been identified as families and lone parents and individuals with additional needs due to disabilities. This equates to 71% of the current working age recipients.
- ➤ More Females would be affected by the proposed changes to the Scheme than Males 68% are Female.
- > 25% of recipients affected are currently identified as Disabled. Of this number, 8% fall into at least one of the three 'vulnerable groups' identified above.
- Less than 1% of current recipients are aged 18.
- ➤ Less than 5% of the 2484 current recipients of LCTR are aged 19 24
- > Forty eight percent of the 2484 current recipients of LCTR are aged 25 to 44 years.
- ➤ Of the 2484 current recipients of LCTR 46% are aged over 45 years

The following data provides information relating to the population of Three Rivers in order that comparisons can be made in relation to 'protected characteristic' groups.

Three Rivers District Council Population Information Census 2011

Ethnicity

		Percentage of
Group	Number	Population
Asian/Asian British – Bangladeshi	158	0.2%
Asian/Asian British – Indian	5231	6%
Asian/Asian British – Pakistani	605	0.7%
Asian/Asian British – Chinese	590	0.7%
Asian/Asian British – Other	1409	2%
Black/African/Caribbean/Black British – African	864	1%
Black/African/Caribbean/Black British – Caribbean	598	1%
Black/African/Caribbean/Black British – Other	148	0.2%
Mixed/Multiple Ethnic Groups – White & Asian	775	1%
Mixed/Multiple Ethnic Groups – White & Black African	516	0.6%
Mixed/Multiple Ethnic Groups – White & Black Caribbean	181	0.2%
Mixed/Multiple Ethnic Groups – Other	530	0.6%
White – English/Welsh/Scottish/Northern Irish/British	69550	80%
White – Irish	1747	2%
White - Gypsy or Irish Traveller	79	0.1%
White – Other	3918	4%
Other Ethnic Group - Arab	128	0.1%
Any Other ethnic group	290	0.3%

Age

Age Group	Number	Percentage of Population
Age 0 to 4	5433	6%
Age 5 to 7	3190	4%
Age 8 to 9	2059	2%
Age 10 to 14	5673	6%
Age 15	1143	2%
Age 16 to 17	2333	3%
Age 18 to 19	1823	2%
Age 20 to 24	4357	5%
Age 25 to 29	4716	5%
Age 30 to 44	18269	21%
Age 45 to 59	18301	21%
Age 60 to 64	5314	6%
Age 65 to 74	7327	8%
Age 75 to 84	5167	6%
Age 85 to 89	1425	2%
Age 90 and over	787	1%

Disability

Disability/Day-to-day activities limited	Day-to-day activities limited to some extent
	8004
Number	6004

Gender

Gender	Male	Female
Number	42317	44946
Percentage of Population	49%	51%

SECTION 4 - IDENTIFICATION AND ANALYSIS OF EQUALITIES ISSUES AND IMPACTS

The following table provides an indication of impact.

Equality Group	Negative Impact	Positive Impact	No Impact	Unsure of Impact	Reason(s)
Women/Girls					The data indicates that
					if the LCTR scheme was
					to change, women will
					be disproportionately
					affected.
Men/Boys					The data shows that
, -			_		current recipients of
					LCTR will be negatively
					impacted – currently
					32% are Male.
Lesbians, gay men & bisexuals	\boxtimes				There is currently no
, 3 ,	_	_	_	_	data nationally or locally
					regarding the sexual
					orientation of LCTR
					recipients. It is worth
					noting, that current
					recipients of LCTR will
					be negatively impacted.
Transgender people					There is currently no
					data nationally or locally
					regarding the gender
					identity of LCTR
					recipients. It is worth
					noting, that, current
					recipients of LCTR will
					be negatively impacted.
White people (including Irish	\boxtimes				Current recipients of
people)	N-7				LCTR will be negatively
Asian or Asian British people					impacted.
Black or Black British people People of mixed heritage					People from BAME
Chinese people	\boxtimes				groups may require
Travellers (gypsy/Roma/Irish					practical support in
heritage)					relation to awareness of
People from other ethnic groups	\boxtimes				any changes and
					networks to support
					them.
Disabled People:	<u> </u>				
Physical impairment Sensory impairment					Current recipients of
Mental health condition,					LCTR will be negatively
Learning disability/difficulty					impacted.
Long-standing illness or health					Disabled People may be
condition	-				particularly impacted
Other health problems or	\boxtimes				and require practical
impairments					support in relation to
					awareness of the
					changes and networks
					to support them.

Equality Group	Negative Impact	Positive Impact	No Impact	Unsure of Impact	Reason(s)
Older People Children and Young People					People of state pension credit age and those under 18, are not impacted by these
Faith Groups					proposals. There is currently no data nationally or locally regarding the religion or belief of LCTR recipients. It is worth noting, however, that, current recipients of LCTR will be negatively impacted.
Pregnancy & Maternity					The data shows that regardless of protected characteristic, current recipients of LCTR will be negatively impacted. The issue of 'Pregnancy and Maternity' should be cross-referenced with the detailed shown under 'Women/Girls' above.
Marriage & Civil Partnership					No impact has been identified.

Analysis of Impacts

The following identifies equalities impacts and considers issues affecting 'protected characteristic' groups.

Impact Identified	Comment
Disabled People are particularly affected by the current difficult economic climate due to predominately receiving lower incomes experiencing higher costs, having access to fewer support services, and unpredictable health conditions. People with mental health issues and/or Learning Disabilities are likely to need additional support to understand any changes and how to appropriately respond to them, through support workers, carers and families.	Disabled pension-age recipients of LCTR are protected from the change as pension age recipients are assessed under a national scheme. The council would contact every recipient of LCTR affected by any change to inform them of the impact. As the data may not capture all recipients with a disability, contacting them directly would have a significant positive impact by ensuring correct entitlement is granted and disabilities disclosed. Methods of contact would need to be carefully considered in order to ensure appropriate communication for all regardless of impairment
Issues for BAME communities may apply, in relation to awareness of the changes and networks to support them. There is evidence to show that people from minority ethnic backgrounds have lower levels of income than other groups	type. Every recipient of LCTR affected by the change will be contacted to inform them of the impact. As the above data relating to current recipients of LCTR may not capture the ethnicity of all recipients, contacting them directly would have a significant positive impact by identifying where additional support is required.
There are differences in women's employment and earnings patterns including the continuing national gender pay gap. This, as well as the fact that women head up around 90% of lone parent families can lead to a socio-economic disadvantage and increased reliance on state support. Women also still tend to hold the main responsibility for child care and other caring responsibilities which can limit their ability to seek employment.	The data indicates that if there is a change to the LCTR scheme women will be disproportionately affected – over two-thirds (68%) of current recipients are Female.

The option most supported by consultation respondents was Option 2: entitlements based on bands of income which was supported by 57% of respondents. Option 2 was clearly the most favoured option across all Protected Characteristic groups.

For Females, the impact will be greater than others.

In mitigation of these greater impacts, the council would contact all current working age recipients of LCTR in order to inform them of changes and in order to encourage self-identification (i.e. the council's records reflect personal circumstances and therefore, the correct amount of entitlement is granted), for example, this could mean disclosing a disability which records may currently not hold. Methods of contact will be carefully considered in order to ensure appropriate communication for all regardless of impairment type.

SECTION 5 - EQIAA OUTCOME

This EqIAA has identified negative impact in relation to the majority of Protected Characteristic groups. This is because entitlements to LCTR would reduce.

This negative impact will be greater for Females as the demographic of the current case load shows more Females than Males i.e. 68% of the current case load are women.

SECTION 6 - ACTIONS TO BE TAKEN AS A RESULT OF THIS EQIAA

The council will contact all current working age recipients of LCTR in order to inform them of any changes to be adopted and in order to encourage self-identification (i.e. the council's records reflect personal circumstances and therefore, the correct amount of entitlement is granted), for example, this could mean disclosing a disability which records may currently not hold. Methods of contact will be carefully considered in order to ensure appropriate communication for all regardless of impairment type.

APPENDIX 1

Table 12: Equality analysis of survey responses

Table 12: Equality analysis of	Sui ve	y respon	1565					Decreeded Toro						
								Respondent Type				A family or lone		
								A recipient of	A recipient of			parent with a child	A family or lone	
		Council tax						council tax	council tax		A council tax	under the age of 5		An individual with
		reduction						reduction	reduction (non	A council tax	payer (non	(as at 1st April		additional needs
	Overall	recipient	Council tax payer	Organisation	Vulnerable person	Working age	Pensionable age	(pensioner)	pensioner)	payer (pensioner)	pensioner)	2014)		due to disabilities
				-			_						to the age of 16	
Base	219	76	129	9	52	127	62	26	50	45	86	12	,	36
Which option do you think the council should adopt? Option 1: Reduce entitlements by a standard percentage	17%	11%	23%	229/		14%	27%	19%	6%	31%	19%			
				22%	-			69%				020/	4207	5407
Option 2: Entitlements are based on bands of income	57%	70%	52%	44%	62%	60%	52%	69%	70%	44%	56%	83%	43%	61%
0-11-2 (1-12-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11	****	F0/	4504	****	4007	4707	420/	***		4.504	4.504	201	4.400	201
Option 3: Change the scheme's rules and entitlement limits	11%	5%	15%	11%	10%	12%	13%	4%	6%	16%	15%	8%	14%	8%
Don't know	4%	7%	3%	-	10%	4%	5%	4%	8%	7%	196			1496
Alternative option, please tell us below	10%	7%	6%	22%	17%	9%	2%	•	10%	2%	8%	8%	43%	14%
When considering its council tax reduction scheme, do you														
Yes	69%	75%	61%	44%	83%	65%	61%	81%	72%	53%	64%	67%	100%	86%
No	23%	12%	31%	44%	8%	25%	26%	8%	14%	31%	30%	33%	-	
Don't know	7%	11%	7%	-	8%	8%	11%	12%	10%	13%	6%	-		11%
			***			-			-070		-			
If you think the council should introduce some protection														
Families and lone parents with children under the age of 5	24%	38%	19%	33%	35%	25%	19%	31%	42%	18%	19%	58%	43%	28%
Families and lone parents with disabled children up to the age of 18	46%	51%	45%	44%	58%	46%	45%	50%	52%	44%	45%	42%	100%	56%
Individuals with additional needs due to disabilities	57%	57%	51%	67%	83%	54%	52%	50%	60%	49%	52%	42%	100%	94%
Other vulnerable groups, please specify below	22%	34%	15%	33%	17%	24%	18%	27%	38%	13%	15%	8%	29%	19%
If the council was to introduce option 2, the income band														
Householders on benefits	27%	43%	15%	11%	44%	26%	26%	42%	44%	16%	15%	25%	57%	50%
Householders in work	34%	22%	42%	22%	23%	40%	24%	12%	28%	31%	47%	42%	43%	11%
Householders on low income regardless of whether they are														
working or on benefits	58%	70%	53%	44%	62%	56%	60%	73%	68%	56%	52%	58%	43%	69%
Householders on high income regardless of whether they are														
working or on benefits	1%	-	2%			2%	2%			2%	2%			
Don't know	2%	3%	2%	11%	6%	2%	2%	4%	2%	2%	1%			8%
If the council was to introduce option 3, which of the ch														
Increase deductions for other non-dependant adults in the														
household	16%	18%	16%	44%	13%	19%	13%	12%	22%	13%	17%	8%	-	17%
Remove disregards and premiums for families	10%	9%	13%	11%	6%	12%	11%	4%	12%	13%	13%	17%		3%
Lower the level of savings cut-off limit	22%	22%	24%	33%	31%	23%	21%	19%	24%	22%	24%	33%	14%	33%
Withdrawing council tax reduction for householders in receipt of														
jobseekers' allowance (income based) after set periods of time	26%	21%	28%		27%	31%	18%	8%	28%	20%	31%	75%	29%	8%
Only householders in receipt of income support should be entitled														
to council tax reduction	7%	7%	6%	11%	6%	6%	8%	8%	6%	9%	5%		14%	6%
Only householders who are in paid work and not in receipt of														
benefits should be entitled to council tax reduction	22%	13%	29%	22%	12%	24%	23%	12%	14%	29%	29%	25%	29%	3%
Don't know	21%	32%	16%	11%	27%	20%	23%	35%	30%	18%	15%		29%	36%
Alternative option, please tell us below	11%	12%	9%		12%	9%	8%	15%	10%	7%	9%		14%	17%
If the council was to introduce option 3, which of the li														
A Production of the state of th		4704	****		424					200		•		
A limit to the maximum entitlement to council tax reduction	31%	17%	40%	67%	12%	35%	29%	8%	22%	36%	42%	8%	14%	11%
A limit to the minimum entitlement to council tax reduction	5%	11%	3%		15%	4%	5%	12%	10%	2%	3%	17%	29%	19%
Both a maximum and minimum limit to the entitlement to council														
tax reduction	28%	29%	31%	11%	31%	29%	29%	35%	26%	31%	31%	58%		25%
Don't know	21%	30%	11%	11%	31%	17%	19%	35%	28%	13%	9%	17%	43%	31%
7-01		30,70	4470		3270	** /**		2274	20779		-	2770	4070	3474

		Gender		Age		Ethni	icity	Disability		
							Non White			
	Overall	Male	Female	Under 65	Over 65	White British	British	Disabled	Non disabled	
Base	219	93	109	147	40	162	19	75	116	
Which option do you think the council should adopt?	17%	15%	470/		23%	470/	****	450/	16%	
Option 1: Reduce entitlements by a standard percentage Option 2: Entitlements are based on bands of income	57%	15% 57%	17% 60%	14% 58%	63%	17% 59%	11% 63%	15% 52%	65%	
Option 2: Entitlements are based on bands or income	5/76	3/76	60%	58%	6376	39%	03%	52%	03%	
Option 3: Change the scheme's rules and entitlement limits	11%	13%	9%	10%	8%	996	21%	9%	12%	
Don't know	4%	2%	5%	5%	3%	496	-	9%	1%	
Alternative option, please tell us below	10%	12%	8%	12%	3%	9%	5%	12%	6%	
When considering its council tax reduction scheme, do you										
Yes	69%	67%	76%	71%	68%	72%	74%	75%	71%	
No	23%	26%	18%	21%	28%	21%	21%	15%	24%	
Don't know	7%	6%	5%	7%	3%	6%	5%	9%	4%	
If you think the council should introduce some protection										
Families and lone parents with children under the age of 5	24%	23%	28%	26%	23%	24%	32%	23%	27%	
Families and lone parents with disabled children up to the age of 18	46%	42%	52%	46%	53%	46%	53%	47%	51%	
Individuals with additional needs due to disabilities	57%	51%	66%	59%	57%	61%	42%	69%	54%	
Other vulnerable groups, please specify below	22%	20%	23%	24%	20%	23%	32%	28%	18%	
If the council was to introduce option 2, the income band										
Householders on benefits	27%	28%	29%	29%	20%	31%	21%	39%	24%	
Householders in work	34%	34%	34%	35%	25%	30%	47%	19%	42%	
Householders on low income regardless of whether they are										
working or on benefits	58%	53%	65%	61%	70%	62%	58%	63%	61%	
Householders on high income regardless of whether they are working or on benefits	1%		1%	1%	3%	1%			1%	
Don't know	2%	2%	1%	3%	-	2%		5%	-	
If the council was to introduce option 3, which of the ch						1				
Increase deductions for other non-dependant adults in the										
household	16%	18%	14%	16%	15%	17%	21%	16%	17%	
Remove disregards and premiums for families	10%	6%	14%	12%	8%	10%	16%	13%	8%	
Lower the level of savings cut-off limit	22%	24%	21%	22%	25%	24%	11%	25%	20%	
Withdrawing council tax reduction for householders in receipt of						1				
jobseekers' allowance (income based) after set periods of time	26%	22%	32%	30%	18%	25%	37%	16%	34%	
Only householders in receipt of income support should be entitled						1				
to council tax reduction	7%	6%	9%	5%	20%	7%	16%	7%	8%	
Only householders who are in paid work and not in receipt of										
benefits should be entitled to council tax reduction	22%	26%	17%	22%	23%	18%	42%	15%	26%	
Don't know	21% 11%	19%	23%	22%	20% 13%	22%	21%	33% 13%	16% 9%	
Alternative option, please tell us below	11%	12%	12%	12%	13%	11%	5%	13%	9%	
If the council was to introduce option 3, which of the li										
A limit to the maximum entitlement to council tax reduction	31%	27%	35%	29%	30%	33%	16%	20%	38%	
A limit to the minimum entitlement to council tax reduction	5%	3%	6%	5%	5%	4%	11%	12%	1%	
Both a maximum and minimum limit to the entitlement to council						I				
tax reduction	28%	35%	24%	31%	30%	26%	47%	32%	28%	
Don't know	21%	18%	23%	22%	18%	22%	16%	25%	18%	