APPENDIX 6 - REPRESENTATIONS – Local Plan Regulation 18 Preferred Policy Options Consultation – Statutory Consultee Representations

AFFL	IADIX 0 - IVI	-L I/F?	SENTATIONS – Local Plan Regulation 18 Pres	Terred Policy Options Consultation	Total did to the consumer the pres	
REPRESENTATION REFERENCE	REPRESENTOR	es/ No	REPRESENTATION	SUMMARY OF REPRESENTATION/MAIN ISSUES RAISED	OFFICER/COUNCIL RESPONSE	OFFICER'S/ COUNCIL'S PROPOSED ACTION
		>	d Ground Conditions, Contamination and Pollution is the	right approach?		
-	Sport England		It is requested that section 8 of the policy option on lighting is amended. The policy does not provide policy guidance on light sensitive developments proposed in locations where nearby existing land uses may have an adverse effect on the occupants of the development. For example, residential schemes proposed adjoining school or sports clubs sites that have floodlit sports facilities. In such scenarios, developments should submit lighting assessments including mitigation measures to address any identified impacts to help avoid residential amenity issues arising which may result in the uses that generate an impact being prejudiced. Sport England has had experience of sites with established floodlit community sports facilities coming under pressure to reduce the hours of use that the floodlighting operates in response to complaints from residents in new developments where there was inadequate consideration of the lighting impact issue. The inclusion of such policy guidance would help avoid such a scenario. It would also be consistent with the approach taken to noise sensitive development in section 5(c) of this policy.	Section 8- Policy does not provide guidance on where new development proposals might be subject to an adverse effect from existing developments such as existing sports facilities with flood lights. Sport England has had experience of sites with established floodlit community sports facilities coming under pressure to reduce the hours of use that the floodlighting operates in response to complaints from residents in new developments where there was inadequate consideration of the lighting impact issue. It would also be consistent with the approach taken to noise sensitive development in section 5(c) of this policy.	Existing businesses and facilities should not have unreasonable restrictions placed on them as a result of development permitted after they were established. Where the operation of an existing business or community facility could have a significant adverse effect on new development	Under the agent of change principle, if new development or uses are to be introduced near a pre-existing business, such as a live music venue, or sports facility it is the responsibility of the developer to ensure solutions to address and mitigate noise and/or light are put forward as part of proposals.
SC_00020 _Chorleyw ood Parish Council	Chorleywood Parish Council	Yes	It appears that the approach put forward is appropriate.	Support	Noted	No action
SC_00024 _Abbots Langley Parish Council	Abbots Langley Parish Council	Yes	Agree	support	Noted	No action
SC_00026 _HCC	HCC Growth and Infrastructure		Preferred Policy Option 17, Ground Conditions, Contamination and Pollution. It is suggested that the following additional text is added to the list of criteria under paragraph (8): g) Light pollution will be minimised by following the latest guidance2 of the Institute of Lighting Professionals h) Appropriate technologies will be used to minimise the energy usage required and carbon generated. This may include the energy source, bulb, daylight or movement sensors, or timers.	Suggested additional text be included in the list of criteria under paragraph 8.	Existing businesses and facilities should not have unreasonable restrictions placed on them as a result of development permitted after they were established. Where the operation of an existing business or community facility could have a significant adverse effect on new development (including changes of use) in its	Under the agent of change principle, if new development or uses are to be introduced near a pre-existing business, such as a live music venue, or sports facility it is the responsibility of the developer to ensure solutions to address and mitigate noise and/or light are put forward
SC_00030 _Highways England	Highways England		This policy relates to ground conditions, lighting, noise and vibration. This policy does not currently refer to the SRN, but is required for those sites that run up to or close to the SRN boundary. For sites positioned site close to the SRN carriageway and junctions, it will be necessary to ensure that the proposals mitigate appropriately the potential for ground conditions, lighting, noise and vibration impacts. In terms of noise, we would expect the site masterplan to be designed to minimise the exposure of noise-sensitive receptors to strategic traffic, using either or a combination of a landscape buffer and acoustic bund designed to shield the settlement from motorway noise. In addition to noise impacts, we would also draw attention to the importance of ensuring that drainage, landscaping, lighting and boundary treatment proposals for the proposals in accordance with the DfT Circular 02/2013 Annex A A1, which states that all noise fences, screening and other structures	Noted.	businesses and facilities should not have unreasonable restrictions placed on them as a result of development permitted after they were established. Where the operation of an existing business or community facility could have a significant adverse effect on new development (including changes of use) in its vicinity, the	Under the agent of change principle, if new development or uses are to be introduced near a pre-existing business, such as a live music venue, or sports facility it is the responsibility of the developer to ensure solutions to address and mitigate noise and/or light are put forward

must be erected on the developers land, and far enough within the developers land to enable maintenance to take place without encroachment onto highway land. We would expect that these issues are considered when finalising the site layout and masterplan	
proposals. Impacts arising from any disruptions during construction, noise, vibration, traffic volume, composition or routing and transport infrastructure modification should be fully assessed and reported.	

Q18. S	Q18. Should we have considered alternative options?					
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REPRESENTATIONS – Local Plan Regulation 18 Preferred Policy Options Consultation – Non- Statutory Consultee Representations

REPRESENTATION REFERENCE	ESENTOR	REPRESENTATION	SUMMARY OF REPRESENTATION/MAIN ISSUES RAISED	OFFICER/COUNCIL RESPONSE	OFFICER'S/ COUNCIL'S PROPOSED ACTION
REPRE	REPRE	Yes/ No			
Q18. D	Oo you think t	the Preferred Ground Conditions, Contamination and Pollution is the right approach?			
P1_00 002_N Lucey		Yes But there are no criteria. Terms like significant or reasonable need clarification. Documentation incomplete.	 Agree with approach but no criteria. Terms like significant or reasonable need clarification Documentation incomplete. 	Noted.	New text to be added in reasoned justification for clarity
P1_00 003_S Cassid		Yes No Comment	No Comment	Noted	None
P1_00 005_T Foulke		No I think development of contaminated land should be phrased in a positive way as this would be an opportunity to remove or control the contamination rather than just hope that the existing position will not cause a problem. The developers should be encouraged to clean contaminated land so that they can develop (and profit) from it.	Should be phrased in a positive way in that is an opportunity to remove the contamination rather than hoping the existing problem goes away.	Noted	New text to be added in reasoned justification for clarity
P1_00 006_J Humph rey		Yes The vicinity of Three Rivers to both M1 and M25 motorways makes Air Pollution a very important issue. By maintaining the Green Belt near to the motorways will assist the aim of re addressing air pollution. It is essential that woodland and farmland be protected to provide a balance between the provision of extra housing but not to the detriment of the whole local environment.	 Maintain Green Belt near motorways will assist addressing air pollution. Balance between extra housing and woodland/ environment and local environment is essential. 	Noted	None
P1_00 014_A Samso n		Yes Makes logical sense	Support	Noted	None
P1_00 017_M McGuir k		No Mandatory requirements. This is lip service, any increase in traffic will increase pollution.	Make requirements mandatory	Noted. Mandatory requirement for all development will be unduly onerous.	None
P1_00 019_G Hought on		Yes	Support	Noted	None
P1_00 020_T Grewal		Yes N/A	Support	Noted	None
P1_00 021_R Pawa		Yes Seems good.	Support	Noted	None
P1_00 023_D r K		Yes Ok	Support	Noted	None

Macleo				
d P1_00 024_C Holme s	Yes Pollution in all its forms have the capacity to affect an individual's health and quality of life.	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 025_M Beauje ux	No Increase traffic	Will lead to an increase in traffic	Noted	None
P1_00 026_P McCaff rey	Yes Clear policy	Support	Noted	None
P1_00 027_N Murtag h & C Gregor	Yes	Support	Noted	None
P1_00 028_J Pochet tino	Yes the less light pollution the better	Support	Noted	None
P1_00 032_T Smith	Yes This policy is necessary to preserve the environment both for wildlife and for existing residents	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 033_K Li	Yes It includes all types of pollution.	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 034_M Richar ds	Yes	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 038_P Gibbs	Yes Essential to reduce light pollution, and protect against developments that would negatively impact on the environment.	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 040_N Brew	No Under no circumstances should any building take part on green places. The only building I would support is on brownfield sites - that is places where there has already got buildings.	Do not develop Green Belt Land	The priority for development is making as much use as possible of suitable brownfield sites and underutilised land, and an exhaustive search of potential sites to accommodate development needs has been carried out as part of the SHELAA (2020) and Urban Capacity Study (2020). The draft Housing Density policy also promotes a significant uplift in the density of development in the District, and in all cases, proposals will need to make efficient and effective use of land. However, even with these actions, there is insufficient capacity to meet the growth levels required by the Standard Method within the District's existing urban area. The Council therefore has no alternative but to release a small portion of the Green Belt in order to meet its development needs. Should all the sites in the Regulation 18 consultation be allocated, the Green Belt release that would be required would represent approximately only 4% of the total Green Belt in Three Rivers. Furthermore, the Stage 1 and 2 Green Belt Reviews, alongside other environmental and sustainability considerations, have been taken into account when identifying which potential areas of Green Belt Land to release".	
P1_00 041_D James- Saund	Yes All forms of pollution must be avoided.	Support	Noted	None
ers P1_00 045_L	Yes No Comment	Agree with approach	Noted	None

Fitzpat				
rick				
P1_00 046_S Singer	Yes All the above is very important	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 047_P Rees	Yes The policy is correct. (But of course the Draft Local Plan proposal to build hundreds of homes on Green Belt would of course lead to the problems re light pollution, odour, 'unacceptable adverse impact on wildlife, habitats etc' that this policy tries to prevent.)	Agree with policy. Plans to build hundreds of new homes would lead to light pollution and other adverse effects	Noted. There are sufficient safeguards in the policy to ensure lighting pollution is mitigated	None
P1_00 048_R Symm ons	Yes No Comment	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 049_S Harala mbou	Yes Good systems highlighted above	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 053_C Anders on Bergda hl	Yes How come a site has been suggested at Flower House, DIRECTLY under the M25. It's crazy it's even considered based on the above policy	Query why a site at Flower House, directly under the M25, is being suggested.	Noted – See Part 2 response for further details	None
P1_00 054_A Wrangl	Yes Agree	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 055_B Pegg	Yes Important to preserve light and existing countryside	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 056_D Luddin gton	Yes Recognises importance to local communities.	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 057_J Pankh urst	No Protect against noise pollution, light pollution. Protect wildlife.	Protect against all forms of pollution.	Noted	None
P1_00 063_J Putcha	Yes Agree	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 064_B Patel	Yes xxx	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 066_R Franks	Yes Agree	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 068_A Clark	No Don't make me laugh! I've been in large construction half my life - I KNOW how these things work! I read the no doubt very expensive and carefully crafted Wildlife Assessment for the Free Reach School which included Environmental Impact (oh god that word again!) The firm that complied that pack of lies ignored my several letters and emails - my case rests.	Do not agree with approach. The Free Reach School produced all the statements and ignored respondent's letters yet still allowed to build school.	Noted	None
P1_00 069_F Esma	No	Do not agree with approach but no reason given.	Noted	None
P1_00 074_I Mercer	Yes	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 076_L Hull	Yes This sounds considerate of local residents.	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 077_G Lean	Yes Y	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 078_A Prior	Yes All necessary requirements.	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 080_J Brooks -Martin	Yes N/A	Agree with approach	Noted	None

P1_00	Yes Protects the current levels of air pollution populated and noise, vibration and lighting.	Agree with approach	Noted	None
084_M	res Protects the current levels of all pollution populated and noise, vibration and lighting.	Agree with approach	Noted	None
Hampt				
on P1_00	Yes Sounds sensible but I have no confidence that this will be for filled. There is already huge contamination	Agree with approach but little	Noted	None
088_C	of our water ways and areas for nature.	confidence it will be implemented.	Noted	None
Green		Already water contamination issues.		
P1_00 089_S	Yes We need to make sure any planning developments are in the right area for the community and	Agree with approach. Ensure developments are in right area for	Noted	None
Pettifer	environment.	community and the environment.		
P1_00	Yes It covers all the problems	Agree with approach	Noted	None
091_B				
Cownle				
P1_00	Yes Seems sensible	Agree with approach	Noted	None
096_S				
Carpen ter				
P1_00	Yes A range of issues have been considered.	Agree with approach	Noted	None
097_N		3 11		
Ross	No. This is not strong anough. Voy, sound suffered it as morals will above it Huless you have sounded.	Delice, is not wonded strongth, anguards	Noted	Nama
P1_00 098_A	No This is not strong enough. You cannot enforce it, so people will abuse it. Unless you have someone monitoring the impacts on wildlife, this is useless.	 Policy is not worded strongly enough and cannot be enforced. Need to have 	Noted.	None
Michae	monitoring the impacts on within is assess.	a monitoring officer on impacts of		
Is		wildlife.		
P1_00 099_A	Yes Yes	Agree with approach	Noted	None
Michae				
Is				
(counci				
llor) P1_00	Yes New development should never have a negative impact in any of these areas.	Agree with approach	Noted	None
102_K	The state of the s	and the second	1	
Allen	No. Development would be a lowest an eventhing and a single later at	Development will be a section and as	Neted Come Import to tracitable but them	NI
P1_00 106_L	No Development would have impact on everything, noise, air pollution etc.	Development will have an impact on noise and air pollution.	Noted. Some impact is inevitable but there ae policies in the Plan to minimise their impact.	None
Crosby		noise and an ponation.	pondies in the rian to minimise their impact.	
P1_00	No Increasing population, and reduction of green spaces by definition means a decrease in the quality of	Increasing population and reduction	Noted	None
107_R Webst	life. It will inevitably mean and increase of all sorts of pollution. This will only be mitigated to any degree by keeping development down to an absolute minimum, and at low densities.	of green space will inevitably increase pollution, can only mitigate with		
er	degree by Recping development down to air absolute minimum, and at low defisites.	minimum development at low density.		
P1_00	who knows, not my area of expertise	No comment	Noted	None
108_J Cahill				
P1_00	Not No Comment	No Comment	Noted	None
110_C	Specif			
PRE Herts	ied			
P1_00	Yes It's the sensible approach.	Agree with Approach	Noted	None
112_L	The state of the s	3		
Head	Voc. No record	A super wildle conservation	Neted	News
P1_00 113_T	Yes No reason	Agree with approach	Noted	None
Foley				
P1_00	Yes lighting should state use of lowest energy technology as exists (currently LED)	Lighting should state use if lowest	Noted	None
114_D Twinbe		energy technology that exists.		
rrow				
P1_00	No I agree with the policy as stated.	Agree with approach	Noted	None
116_P				
Newin g				
P1_00	Yes Avoid Poisoning	Agree with approach	Noted	None
117_A				
Hamilt on				
P1_00	No This land is a sanctuary for horses, plants, trees, wildlife and local people. This area has been	Land is sanctuary for wildlife	Infrastructure requirements will be identified in the	None
119_J	developed enough and the local infrastructure will not be able to support yet more housing.		Infrastructure Delivery Plan. If such works require	
Lovear			planning permission, they will be required to submit an application which will be considered on its merits	
d			an application which will be considered on its merits	<u> </u>

					and whether the proposals would have an acceptable or unacceptable impact on the environment.	
					Requirement for a net gain in biodiversity would be applied. Policies provide for the retention of trees and hedgerows where possible and replanting.	
P1_00 120_G Nunn	Yes	Sensible approach but who is to manage, measure and review the assessments to make judgements on what is acceptable?	•	Agree with approach but who will manage, measure and review the assessments.	Noted. The Plan will include indicators and monitoring arrangements	None
P1_00 123_D Thoma	Yes	Ok	•	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 127_M Clarke	No		•	Do not agree with approach but no reason given.	Noted	None
P1_00 130_E Ad	No	This will substantially contaminate the land		Will substantially contaminate the land	Noted	None
P1_00 131_P Harris	No	'Proposals which have the potential to cause or exacerbate noise and vibration impacts on land uses or occupiers in the locality, or which may be affected by existing sources of noise or vibration, must fully assess such impacts'. And then what? An impact assessment doesn't stop noise etc.!!! Lighting - on use of low energy light sources (e.g. LED). Also, road lighting should make allowance for on road electric car charging facilities, where required.	•	An impact assessment does not stop noise pollution; Road lighting should make allowance for on road electric car charging facilities, where required.	Noted. New criteria to be added to curb lighting pollution	None. New criteria to be added
P1_00 132_H Sahota	Yes		•	Need analysis of history and known issues.	Noted. Text under reasoned justification offers additional contextual information	None
P1_00 133_A Stanle	Not State d	Many of the Policy Options are expressed in the negativewhere is would notetc. Proving a negative is always tricky, would it not be better to prove a positivewhere is willand thus shift the onus of accountability to the developer.	•	Many policy options expressed in a 'negative' would be better to have the policies expressed in a 'positive' light.	Noted	None
P1_00 135_W Stephe	Yes	Fine	•	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 137_S Hall	Yes	I agree with all the above	•	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 140_M Mavadi	Yes	No option but to agree as when development is forced in areas where little can be done to prevent it, the point of air pollution noise pollution becomes irrelevant. Development is naturally going to have an impact on wildlife and air quality.		Development will always have an impact on air pollution and noise pollution.	Noted. Some impact is inevitable but there ae policies in the Plan to minimise their impact	None
P1_00 142_Y Lloyd	No		•	Do not agree with approach but no reason given.	Noted	None
P1_00 144_D Thorpe	Yes	I agree	•	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 145_C Bessan t		As to air pollution 'quote:' 'Air pollutants (including dust and odour) have been shown to have an adverse effect on both health and the environment and it will be important to consider emissions arising from development including indirect emissions.' but areas that already are bad for pollutants, ie close to the M25, the area to the south of the district that suffers not just from ground traffic pollution, but also air traffic (Heathrow and Northolt) and from odour pollutants given out by TW Sewage Treatment Site. Surely for these reasons these areas should also be avoided for building purposes.		Air pollution has been shown to have an adverse impact on health and the environment; Ensure developments are located away from areas of air pollution such as M25 but also Heathrow airport.	Noted	None
P1_00 147_N Hoad	Yes		•	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 148_S Dilwort	Yes	Essential to protect pre-existing residents	•	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 155_C Sears	Yes	Glad that this covers not just ground and air pollution but also light pollution, feel that all adverse impacts have been included and considered	•	Agree with approach, feel all points have been covered.	Noted	None
P1_00 162_E Foulke	Yes	This is well thought through	•	Agree with approach	Noted	None

P1_00 164_S Morrill	Yes	Certain developments - Clement Danes School springs to mind - turn the whole night sky white with their up lighting - glass sphere lighting poles with no attempt at all to stop light going up to the sky. Good if we at least try to reduce this. My school site has no external lighting on at all after about 2200 - Just sensor operated lighting. All cap park lighting is movement detector operated and remains on for just a few minutes.	Need to have sensor operated lights, as certain developments, such as Clement Danes School, have their lights on all evening.	Noted	None
P1_00 166_T Turner	Yes	Supportive to local communities	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 167_J Passin gham	Not State d	I would challenge whether TRDC is actually prepared to stand up behind these objectives, as so far this has proven not to be the case.	Query whether TRDC will fully support these objectives.		None
P1_00 170_N Hutchi	Yes	No Comment	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 174_E Nathan	Yes	I agree with this policy, but is there an appendix document that can be referenced to highlight what constitutes poor/disruptive lighting? Many other councils have a supplementary document which covers this in a simple, accessible way.	Need an appendix document to reference what makes poor lighting, other councils have SPD's on this.	Noted. More details to be provided	More details to be provided
P1_00 181_C hiltern Societ	Not Specif ied	This broadly covers what we would expect.	Agree with approach.	Noted	None
P1_00 183_M Allum	Yes	As above	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 184_M Mitchel	Yes	No comment	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 186_J Parkhu rst	No	The impact that such a significant development will have on the local area should not be under estimated	Impact a development has on a wider area should not be underestimated.	Noted. Some impact is inevitable but there ae policies in the Plan to minimise their impact	None
P1_00 187_C Mitchel	Yes	No comment	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 190_I Starr	Yes	Sensible	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 201_A Green	Yes	Fine but make sure to consider the impact of more motorists on the roads and how that will effect air quality	Agree with approach but ensure impact of more motorists on the road is taken into account.	Noted. Some impact is inevitable but there ae policies in the Plan to minimise their impact	None
P1_00 206_D Worrell	Yes	NA NA	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 209_G Bown	No	I cannot comment on the real approach re contaminated land rather than that listed for the purposes of gaining acceptance of the local plan	contaminated land rather than that listed for purposes of the local plan.	Noted	None
P1_00 211_J Pumm ell	Yes	No Comment	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 215_L Horne	Yes	I am unsure how it would work.	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 218_M Chabre	Yes	No comment	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 219_S Talbott	Yes	Appropriate	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 222_T hree Rivers	Yes	No Comments	Agree with approach	Noted	None

Green					
Party P1_00	Yes	It covers most things	Agree with approach	Noted	None
223_D	103	Tr covers most tilings	/ Agree with approach	Noted	None
Green	Van	as large as it is fallowed there well	A rung a with a rung a change on it is	Noted	Nama
P1_00 224_J	Yes	as long as it is followed through!	Agree with approach as long as it is implemented.	Noted	None
Ford			p.ss.r.ea.		
P1_00	Yes	No comment, the proposal seems adequate	Agree with approach	Noted	None
227_K Gallag					
her					
P1_00	Yes	All Good	Agree with approach	Noted	None
232_A Britton					
P1_00	Yes	I agree Preferred Policy Option for Ground Conditions, Contamination and Pollution is the right	Agree with approach	Noted	None
233_A		approach.			
Limeric k					
P1_00	Yes	I agree Preferred Policy Option for Ground Conditions, Contamination and Pollution is the right	Agree with approach	Noted	None
234_A		approach.			
O'Sulli van					
P1_00	Yes	Stipulations make sense	Agree with approach	Noted	None
236_E					
Talbott	Voc	Yes	Agree with approach	Noted	None
P1_00 240_K	res	res	Agree with approach	Noted	None
Butler					
P1_00	No	No specific reference to road transport - including speed limits.	No reference to road transport made,	Noted	None
244_P Phillips			including speed limits		
P1_00	Not	We support the policy text at part (2) of PPO17 which accords with national policy. Whilst policy text	Should recognise remediation of	Noted	None
	State	states that opportunities should be taken to improve local environmental conditions and/or to remediate	contaminated land is a costly		
Daniel	d	or mitigate despoiled, degraded, derelict, contaminated or unstable land, we believe policy text should recognise that remediation of contaminated land is a costly undertaking and there are circumstances	undertaking and are circumstances where it will not come forward for		
S		where contaminated land will not come forward for development unless there is incentive or	development unless incentive to do		
		encouragement to do so. Therefore, we propose that additional policy text should be added stating that	so;		
		the council will support proposals for the remediation of contaminated land when taking planning decisions and give weight to this benefit in the decision making exercise.			
P1_00	Yes	Seems reasonable	Agree with approach	Noted	None
256_M					
Within gton					
P1_00	No	Light pollution from inside buildings should be controlled by fining commercial tenants who do this such	Light pollution inside buildings	Noted	None
262_L		as the Imagine building which leaves its lights on constantly all night.	controlled through fines for		
Mead			commercial tenants who leave lights on all night		
P1_00	Not	The warehouses in Maple Cross prove beyond doubt that words that have been copied from the last	Wording has just been copied from	Noted. Policy takes account of the updated	None
266_C	State	local plan policies to the new one do not work, yet they remain. No solely desk topped modelling data	last local plan, old policies don't work;	available guidance.	
Westo n	d	will be accepted by TRDC. Every aspect in this section needs to be more clearly defined e.g. all development of x size or 10+ residential dwellings must produce a formal air quality monitoring report.	Section needs to be clearly defined e.g. all development of x size or 10+		
"		development of X size of 10+ residential awenings must produce a formal air quality monitoring report.	residential dwellings must produce a		
D1 00			formal air quality monitoring report.		
P1_00 271_S	Yes	Seems sensible	Agree with approach	Noted	None
Wallac					
е					
P1_00 282_A	No	Enough. Too many questions not enough time before the deadline!!	Too many questions.	Noted	None
Jenkin					
S					
P1_00 287_A	Yes	Totally agree with this - see my previous comment on sewage and flooding	Agree with approach	Noted	None
Edwar					
ds					
P1_00 301_C	Not State	The Chilterns Conservation Board generally supports Preferred Policy Option 17.	 Policy could be enhanced by specific references to noise and air pollution; 	Noted. There are other policies in the Plan which will address some of the comments made. For	None
hiltern	d		references to hoise and all pollution,	instance: Preferred Policy Option 23	

s Conser vation Board	We consider that the policy could be enhanced by specific reference to the impacts of (especially) noise and light pollution on the tranquillity of the Chilterns AONB, and that careful attention should be paid to these issues within the AONB and its setting. In this respect, we recommend the following two changes to the policy itself: • Replace (5)(b) with "Have an unacceptable adverse impact on the Chilterns AONB or its setting, or other countryside areas of tranquillity which are important for wildlife and countryside recreation; or", and • Add a new criterion (9): "Development that adds to light pollution in the Chilterns AONB or its setting will be resisted. The Council will actively seek opportunities to remove or replace existing inappropriate external lighting in and close to the Chilterns AONB in order to restore dark skies at night."	•	Replace (5)(b) with "Have an unacceptable adverse impact on the Chilterns AONB or its setting, or other countryside areas of tranquillity which are important for wildlife and countryside recreation; or", and New criterion (9): "Development that adds to light pollution in the Chilterns AONB or its setting will be resisted. The Council will actively seek opportunities to remove or replace existing inappropriate external lighting in and close to the Chilterns AONB in order to restore dark skies at night."	Local Distinctiveness and Place Shaping; Preferred Policy Option 21 Biodiversity, Trees, Woodlands and Landscaping	
	Should we have considered alternative options?			T	
P1_00 005_T Foulke	Yes See above		Should be phrased in a positive way in that is an opportunity to remove the contamination rather than hoping the existing problem goes away.	Noted	None
P1_00 014_A Samso n	Yes As above	•	Support	Noted	None
P1_00 017_M McGuir k	Yes See Above.		Make requirements mandatory	Noted.	None
P1_00 020_T Grewal	Yes	•	No alternatives suggested	Noted	None
P1_00 023_D r K Macleo	Yes Ok	•	No alternatives suggested	Noted	None
P1_00 025_M Beauje ux	Yes How is traffic flow going to be addressed	•	How is traffic flow to be addressed?	Noted. There are other policies in the Plan to address traffic flow	None
P1_00 040_N Brew	Yes Under no circumstances should any building take part on green places. The only building I would support is on brownfield sites - that is places where there has already got buildings. Yes What are the alternatives? How can we comment if we're not told?		Do not develop Green Belt Land What are the alternatives? Cannot	The priority for development is making as much use as possible of suitable brownfield sites and underutilised land, and an exhaustive search of potential sites to accommodate development needs has been carried out as part of the SHELAA (2020) and Urban Capacity Study (2020). The draft Housing Density policy also promotes a significant uplift in the density of development in the District, and in all cases, proposals will need to make efficient and effective use of land. However, even with these actions, there is insufficient capacity to meet the growth levels required by the Standard Method within the District's existing urban area. The Council therefore has no alternative but to release a small portion of the Green Belt in order to meet its development needs. Should all the sites in the Regulation 18 consultation be allocated, the Green Belt release that would be required would represent approximately only 4% of the total Green Belt in Three Rivers. Furthermore, the Stage 1 and 2 Green Belt Reviews, alongside other environmental and sustainability considerations, have been taken into account when identifying which potential areas of Green Belt Land to release".	
P1_00 041_D James- Saund ers	vinat are the alternatives? Now Call we Comment if we're not told?	•	comment if not told?	NOTEU	None

P1_00 045_L Fitzpat rick	Yes	The policy should make specific comment with regard to foul water and sewerage. These are areas of responsibility for the council to control and should be reflected in the policy. Proposed developments should be challenged on the basis of their likely waste water volumes and the ability of local infrastructure to cope with their marginal impact.		Should make specific to foul sewage and water; Developments should be challenged on their likely waste water volumes	Noted. Policy on waste management and recycling addresses some of the issues raised	None
P1_00 047_P Rees	Yes	The policy should be far tougher and prevent the desecration of all woodlands and wildlife habitats in Three Rivers.	•	Policy should be far tougher	Noted	None
P1_00 048_R Symm	Yes	No Comment	•	No Comment	Noted	None
ons P1_00 053_C Anders on Bergda	Yes	See Above	•	Query why a site at Flower House, directly under the M25, is being suggested.	Noted – See Part 2 responses for more detailed response to this policy	None
hl P1_00 057_J Pankh urst	Yes	Protect existing resident's well-being, and quality of life. Protect wildlife and rural green belt, so minimise pollution.	•	Protect existing residents well being; Protect wildlife and rural Green Belt; Minimise pollution	Noted	None
P1_00 068_A Clark	Yes	Come out and say what really happens - if folk want houses and roads - everyone will have to put up with the dross! You live in a concrete house, go to work on a concrete road, use petrol, diesel - even electricity isn't clean. Get used to it - unless you want the population thinned? Starting where?	•	Will just have to put up with it if people want to live in houses.	Noted	None
P1_00 078_A Prior	Yes	Lighting needs to have a zero sky pollution condition.	•	Lighting has zero sky pollution impacts	Noted	None
P1_00 098_A Michae	Yes	Again, hire an expert. Pay them to monitor. If you cannot, it is irresponsible to move forward with any development.	•	Hire an expert to review.	Noted	None
P1_00 107_R Webst er	Yes	Don't build on greenbelt, don't build more than you absolutely have to. 15 years is a long time, and our Country's population actually fell last year. Are you really going to embark on building plan that will destroy greenbelt only to find it wasn't necessary?	•	Don't develop Green Belt Land; Don't build more than Council has to.	The priority for development is making as much use as possible of suitable brownfield sites and underutilised land, and an exhaustive search of potential sites to accommodate development needs has been carried out as part of the SHELAA (2020) and Urban Capacity Study (2020). The draft Housing Density policy also promotes a significant uplift in the density of development in the District, and in all cases, proposals will need to make efficient and effective use of land. However, even with these actions, there is insufficient capacity to meet the growth levels required by the Standard Method within the District's existing urban area. The Council therefore has no alternative but to release a small portion of the Green Belt in order to meet its development needs. Should all the sites in the Regulation 18 consultation be allocated, the Green Belt release that would be required would represent approximately only 4% of the total Green Belt in Three Rivers. Furthermore, the Stage 1 and 2 Green Belt Reviews, alongside other environmental and sustainability considerations, have been taken into account when identifying which potential areas of Green Belt Land to release".	None
P1_00 119_J Lovear d	Yes	This land is a sanctuary for horses, plants, trees, wildlife and local people. This area has been developed enough and the local infrastructure will not be able to support yet more housing.	•	Land is sanctuary for wildlife	Infrastructure requirements will be identified in the Infrastructure Delivery Plan. If such works require planning permission, they will be required to submit an application which will be considered on its merits and whether the proposals would have an acceptable or unacceptable impact on the environment. Requirement for a net gain in biodiversity would be applied. Policies provide for the retention of trees and hedgerows where possible and replanting.	None
P1_00 131_P Harris	Yes	See Above		An impact assessment does not stop noise pollution;	Noted	None

			Road lighting should make allowance for on road electric car charging facilities, where required.		
P1_00 132_H Sahota	Yes	risk based approach	Need risk based approach	Noted	None
P1_00 142_Y Lloyd	Yes		No alternatives suggested	Noted	None
P1_00 144_D Thorpe	Yes	Any development must finance flood prevention	Any develop must finance flood defences.	Noted	None
P1_00 209_G Bown	Yes	It is for councillors to consider sensible, alternative options and proposal a range of those options	For councillors to consider alternative options.	Noted	None
P1_00 215_L Horne	Yes	There is no option for a no alternative suggestion	No alternatives or options suggested by TRDC	Noted	None
P1_00 244_P Phillips	Yes	Even with a projected increase in the number of electric powered vehicles, the impact of road transport on both the built-up and countryside areas of Three Rivers will remain acute. Instead of talking about 'no increase' in pollution (noise, smell, etc.) there should be an ambition to significantly reduce it. Wildlife and habitats are continuing to be decimated by the continued growth in road transport.	Should be ambition to reduce climate road pollution, not just stopping increases.	Noted	None
P1_00 262_L Mead	Yes	light pollution from inside buildings should be controlled by fining commercial tenants who do this such as the Imagine building which leaves it's lights on constantly all night.	Fine commercial tenants who leave lights on in developments.	Noted	None
P1_00 282_A Jenkin s	Yes	See above.	Too many questions.	Noted	None