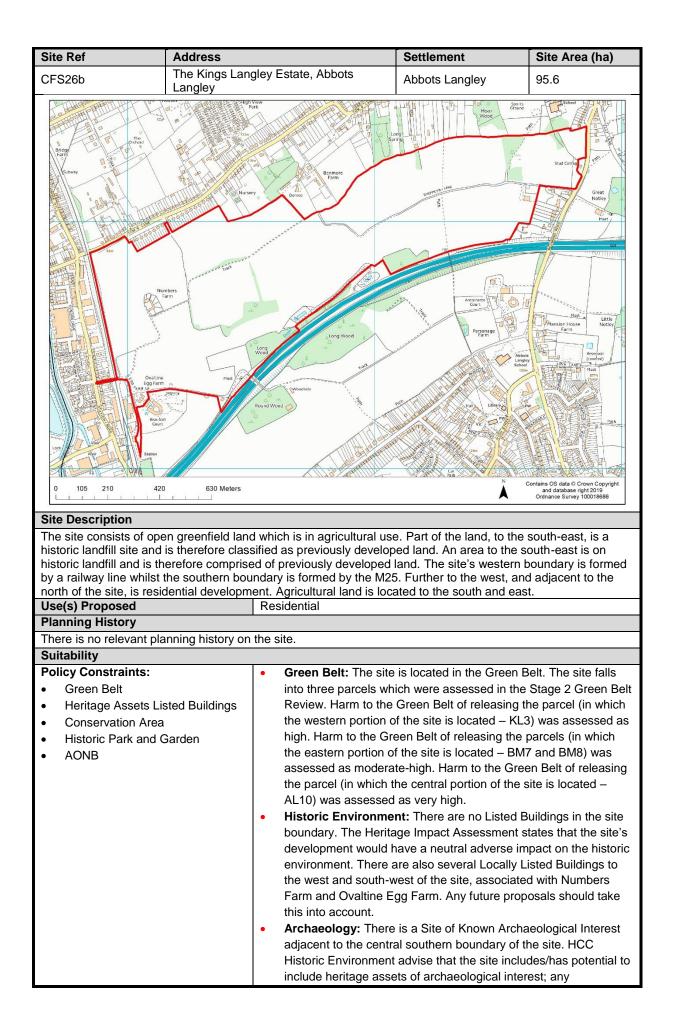


Physical Constraints: Access Flood Zone Surface Water Flooding Groundwater Flooding Groundwater Source Protection Zone (GSPZ) Contamination Noise Air Quality	 Flood Zone: The site is in Flood Zone 1. Surface Water Flood Risk: Overall, the site is at low risk of surface water flooding, although there is a surface water flow path which forms in a 1 in 100 year rainfall event. Groundwater Flood Risk: 14% of the site area is at moderate-high risk of groundwater flooding. In this area, to the south-west of the site, there is risk of groundwater flooding to surface and subsurface assets, with possibility of groundwater emerging at surface locally. Contamination: A waste application was permitted in 1956 (W/0322/56) in a small part of the site and records show that the site coincides with the Historic Landfill site (Ovaltine Farm, Abbots Langley, Ref: EAHLD12313). It is advised to refer to the Environment Agency for advice in regards to any potential considerations. Noise: Noise issues caused by the site's proximity to the M25 may have an impact on the site and its future occupiers. Air Quality: Air quality issues caused by the site's proximity to the M25 may have an impact on the site and its future occupiers. Access: Primary vehicular access is proposed from Bedmond Road, via a new roundabout junction. The Landscape Sensitivity Assessment classifies the site as baying a medium-bigh sensitivity to built development
 Landscape Character Air Quality (AQMA) Local Wildlife Site Local Nature Reserve SSSI Ancient Woodland Tree Preservation Order Ancient/Veteran Tree 	 having a medium-high sensitivity to built development. TPO: There are protected trees at various locations across the site (TPO317, TPO089, TPO196). The area of woodland adjacent to the central northern boundary is covered by a TPO and trees to the east and west of the site are also protected. Local Wildlife Site: There is a Local Wildlife Site (Long Wood) located in the central northern section of the site. Ancient Woodland: There is an Ancient Woodland adjacent to the central northern boundary of the site. This covers the same area as the Local Wildlife Site. Wastewater: Thames Water have advised that the scale of development/s is likely to require upgrades to the wastewater network. It is recommended that the Developer and the Local Planning Authority liaise with Thames Water at the earliest opportunity to agree a housing and infrastructure phasing plan. The plan should determine the magnitude of spare capacity currently available within the network and what phasing may be required to ensure development does not outpace delivery of essential network upgrades to accommodate future development.
Further Constraints/Considerations:	
 centre and primary school. The proposals are based on a average maximum net density area). HCC Highways state that enable achievable, but poor design consisting settlement would be a Settlement Hierarchy (Core Stabbots Langley. 	net development parcel area of approximately 30.5 ha, equating to an of approximately 37 dwellings per hectare (on the development parcel bling the location to be sustainable is considered likely to be build result in a car dependent site and that enabling permeability to the
Availability (ownership/legal issues)	
The site is in single ownership and the s Achievability	site is being promoted by the landowner.
Achievability	

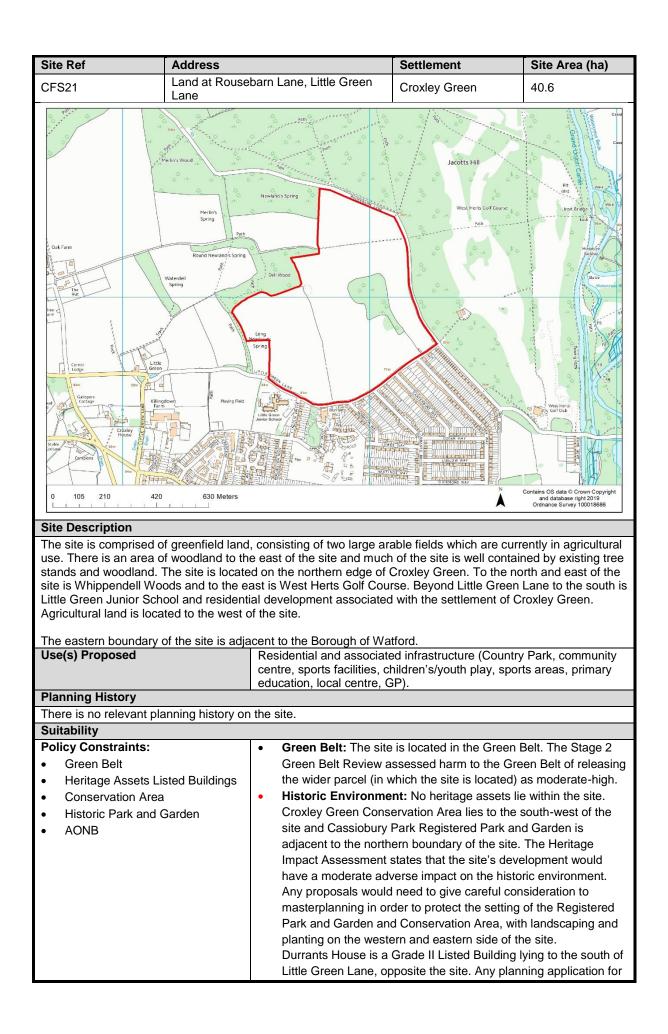
Achievability The promoters of the site have not specified any issues regarding the viability in developing the site.

Potential Density									
Landowner	19 (ov	erall site ar	ea)		Landowner Proposed	Dwelling Ra	nge	380-520	
Proposed DPH	37 (de	velopable a	area)						
Indicative DPH	6.5 (ov	/erall site a	rea)		Indicative Dwelling Rar	nge		380	
Phasing									
0-5 years		6-10 year	rs :	х	11-15 years		х	16+ years	
Conclusion									
Conclusion The site is deemed suitable for residential development. The site is strategic in scale and its development would support a high level of infrastructure provision. Any proposals should take account of the presence of the Local Wildlife Site, Ancient Woodland, protected trees and public rights of way within the site. Small areas of the site are at risk of surface water flooding and future proposals would need to satisfactorily address this and provide suitable mitigation where necessary. Consideration to heritage assets and potential environmental impacts will also need to be made as part of any future proposals. Noise and air quality issues arising from proximity to the M25 should also be taken account of. The site is both available and achievable. The site is deemed to be developable.									
Suitable	Yes		Available	9	Yes	Achievab	le	Yes	



	-1	comment proposale as the standard should be				
		elopment proposals on the site should be a				
Dhysical Constraints		application or pre-determination archaeolo	gical assessment.			
 Physical Constraints: Access Flood Zone Surface Water Flooding Groundwater Flooding Groundwater Source Prozone (GSPZ) Contamination Noise Air Quality 	Surf of su path also from from from Gro grou surfa Com of th land Land the l cons and occu Air e the l	tamination: Waste applications have bee is site. Records show that the site coincide fill (Ovaltine Farm, Abbots Langley, Ref: E d at Sheppey Farm, Ref: EAHD13098). It i Environment Agency for advice in regards siderations. Se: Noise issues caused by the site's prox the railway line may have an impact on the upiers. Quality: Air quality issues caused by the site M25 may have an impact on the site and it	surface water flow low risk. There is uth-west, ranging f the site ranges of the site has ow the ground in submitted on part es with historic EAHLD12301 and s advised to refer to to any potential imity to the M25 e site and its future site's proximity to is future occupiers.			
		ess: Primary vehicular access is proposed d, via a new roundabout junction.	d from Bedmond			
Potential Environmental Im		Landscape Sensitivity Assessment classif	fies the site as			
Landscape Character	havi	having a medium-high sensitivity to built development.				
Air Quality (AQMA)						
Local Wildlife Site		(TPO317).				
Local Nature Reserve						
SSSI		site boundary. The Numbers Farm Area LWS is located in the				
Ancient Woodland		tern section of the site and Long Wood LW southern boundary.	/S is adjacent to			
Tree Preservation Order		ient Woodland: There is an Ancient Woo	dland adjacent to			
Ancient/Veteran Tree		central southern boundary of the site. This				
		as Long Wood Local Wildlife Site.				
Further Constraints/Consid	erations:					
Public right of ways	run through the site.					
a primary school, se interchange service.	condary school, stati	ovide supporting infrastructure, including a on enhancements to Kings Langley station	n and a bus/train			
 average maximum n HCC Highways state but poor design coul settlement would be 	et density of around that enabling the loo d result in a car depe a key consideration.		nent parcel area). y to be achievable, to the existing			
Kings Langley.		(1): The site is located at the edge of the S	Secondary Centre of			
Availability (ownership/lega	-					
-	o and the site is being	g promoted by the landowner.				
Achievability The promoters of the site have not specified any issues regarding the viability in developing the site.						
-	e not specified any is	sues regarding the viability in developing	the site.			
Potential Density	14.4	Landowner Prenegad Dwelling Desce	1/10 1500			
Landowner Proposed DPH	14.4 36 DPH on developable area	Landowner Proposed Dwelling Range	1410 - 1500			
Indicative DPH	14	Indicative Dwelling Range	1410			
	••					

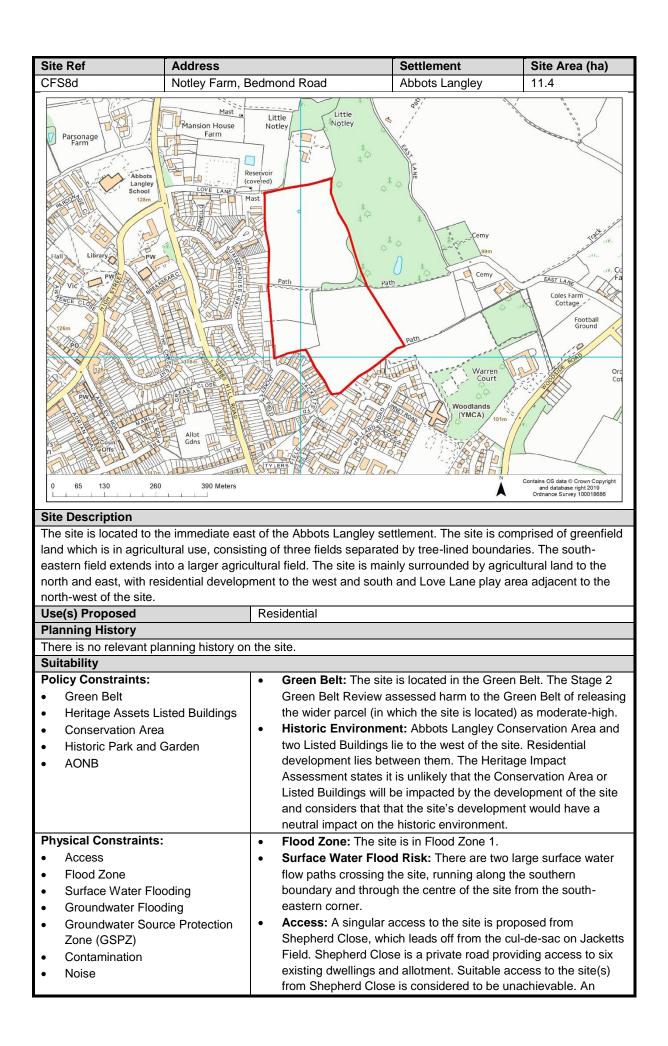
Phasing										
0-5 years		6-10 years	х	11-15 years		х	16+ years			
Conclusion										
The site is located	The site is located in the Green Belt. Harm to the Green Belt of releasing the wider parcels (in which the site is									
located) is assess	ed as rang	ing from modera	te-hig	gh to very high. Whilst the	e site is part	tially c	comprised of			
brownfield land an	nd is of a st	rategic scale tha	t cou	ld support a high level of	infrastructu	re pro	ovision, it is not	t		
considered that th	is would ou	utweigh the very	high	level of harm to the Gree	n Belt in rel	easin	g the site. The	need		
for housing does r	not outweig	h very high harm	n to th	ne Green Belt through the	e release of	land.	Therefore the	site		
is not considered	to be suital	ole for residential	l deve	elopment.						
The part of the site to the west which is assessed as leading to high harm to the Green Belt (if released) is										
assessed separately. Please refer to the Site Assessment for Site CFS26c.										
The part of the site to the east which is assessed as leading to moderate-high harm to the Green Belt (if										
released) is also assessed separately. Please refer to the Site Assessment for Site CFS26d.										
Suitable	No	Availal	ble	Yes	Achievab	le	Yes			



	 the site would require a detailed heritage statement defining the impact on the Listed Building and its setting. Archaeology: HCC Historic Environment advise that the site includes/has potential to include heritage assets of archaeological interest; any development proposals on the site should be accompanied by a pre-application or pre-
	determination archaeological assessment.
Physical Constraints:	Flood Zone: The site is in Flood Zone 1.
 Access Flood Zone Surface Water Flooding Groundwater Flooding Groundwater Source Protection Zone (GSPZ) Contamination Noise Air Quality 	 Surface Water Flood Risk: The majority of the site not at risk of surface water flooding, although there is a flowpath at low-medium risk along the eastern boundary and a small flowpath of high risk in the south east corner. Access: Little Green Lane is a single-track lane with a footway and wide verge on the southern side of the lane. The intention is to de-prioritise Little Green Lane as a traffic route; making it a more pedestrian and cycle friendly route. It is proposed that Links Way and Durrants Drive will form priority routes direct into the site with Little Green Lane giving way and Links Way and the eastern most access forming a staggered priority junction with Little Green Lane. A limited section of widening between the eastern most site access and Links Way is proposed to support bus access to the Site. There is no intention to utilise Rousebarn
Detertiel Engineering (al lung attac	Lane for vehicular access towards the proposed development.
Potential Environmental Impacts: Landscape Character Air Quality (AQMA) Local Wildlife Site Local Nature Reserve SSSI Ancient Woodland Tree Preservation Order Ancient/Veteran Tree	 The Landscape Sensitivity Assessment classifies the site as having a medium sensitivity to built development. TPO: There are protected trees adjacent to the north-eastern boundary of the site (TPO182). Local Wildlife Site: The eastern field contains a Local Wildlife Site (Wood East of Dell Wood). Open space/parkland is proposed to surround this area. Ancient Woodland: The eastern field contains an Ancient Woodland. This covers the same area as the Local Wildlife Site. Open space/parkland is proposed to surround this area. A 15m buffer zone to the ancient woodland is proposed. SSSI: To the north and east of the site is Whippendell Woods (south), which is an SSSI. Wastewater: Thames Water have advised that the scale of development/s is likely to require upgrades to the wastewater network. It is recommended that the Developer and the Local Planning Authority liaise with Thames Water at the earliest opportunity to agree a housing and infrastructure phasing plan. The plan should determine the magnitude of spare capacity currently available within the network and what phasing may be required to ensure development does not outpace delivery of essential network upgrades to accommodate future development.
Further Constraints/Considerations:	
mixed use local centre, a prim park), a community/sports faciThe proposals are based on a	ugh the north of the site. nd it is intended to provide the supporting infrastructure, including a ary school, a GP surgery, public open space (proposed as a country lity and children's play space and new walking and cycling routes. net residential developable area of 16.2ha. Non-residential land use is . Proposed residential densities range from low to high based on site

- HCC Highways state that enabling the location to be sustainable is considered likely to be achievable, but poor design could result in a car dependent site
- Settlement Hierarchy (Core Strategy, 2011): The site is located at the edge of the Key Centre of Croxley Green.

The site is in single ownership and the site is being promoted by the landowner. Achievability The promoters of the site have not specified any issues regarding the viability in developing the site. Potential Density Landowner Density range (30, 40 and 60 dph in 60:31:9 split)); 48dph average (on 16.2ha residential area) Landowner Proposed Dwelling Range 500-800 PPH (on 16.2ha residential area) Indicative Dwelling Range 500 Indicative 12.3 (overall site area) Indicative Dwelling Range 500 PHasing 6-10 years x 11-15 years x 16+ years Conclusion 6-10 years x 11-15 years x 16+ years The site is deemed suitable for residential development. Small areas of the site are at risk of surface water flooding and future proposals would need to satisfactorily address this and provide suitable mitigation where necessary. Consideration to heritage assets and potential environmental impacts will also need to be made as part of any future proposals. The site is both available and achievable. The site is deemed to be developable. Developers have indicated 500 dwellings on site to be the optimum site capacity for the development to be viable considering the infrastructural provision associated with the development. Optional proposal for 800 dwellings has also been proposed, which is claimed to bring more infrastructural benefits. Lowering dwelling the site due to a reduction in the additional benefits such as not releasi	Availability (ownership/legal issues)									
The promoters of the site have not specified any issues regarding the viability in developing the site. Potential Density Landowner Density range (30, 40 and 60 dph in 60:31:9 split)); 48dph average (on 16.2ha residential area) Landowner Proposed Dwelling Range 500-800 DPH (on 16.2ha residential area) Indicative Dwelling Range 500 DPH 30.8 (on 16.2ha residential area) Indicative Dwelling Range 500 DPH 30.8 (on 16.2ha residential area) Indicative Dwelling Range 500 Phasing 6-10 years x 11-15 years x 16+ years Conclusion 6-10 years x 11-15 years x 16+ years The site is deemed suitable for residential development. Small areas of the site are at risk of surface water flooding and future proposals would need to satisfactorily address this and provide suitable mitigation where necessary. Consideration to heritage assets and potential environmental impacts will also need to be made as part of any future proposals. The site is both available and achievable. The site is deemed to be developable. Developers have indicated 500 dwellings on site to be the optimum site capacity for the development to be viable considering the infrastructural provision associated with the development. Optional proposal for 800 dwellings has also been proposed, which is claimed to bring more infrastructural benefits. Lowering dwelling numbers further will not make the development unviable	The site is in	The site is in single ownership and the site is being promoted by the landowner.								
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Proposed in 60:31:9 split)); 48dph average (on 16.2ha residential area) 19.2 (on 40.63ha overall site area) indicative Indicative 12.3 (overall site area) 30.8 (on 16.2ha residential area) Indicative Dwelling Range 500 PPH 30.8 (on 16.2ha residential area) Indicative Dwelling Range 500 Phasing 0-5 years 6-10 years x 11-15 years x 16+ years Conclusion The site is deemed suitable for residential development. Small areas of the site are at risk of surface water flooding and future proposals would need to satisfactorily address this and provide suitable mitigation where necessary. Consideration to heritage assets and potential environmental impacts will also need to be made as part of any future proposals. The site is both available and achievable. The site is deemed to be developable. Developers have indicated 500 dwellings on site to be the optimum site capacity for the development to be viable considering the infrastructural provision associated with the development. Optional proposal for 800 dwellings has also been proposed, which is claimed to bring more infrastructural benefits. Lowering dwelling numbers further will not make the development unviable however, that will likely lead to a reduction in the additional benefits such as not releasing land for a country park. Illustrative masterplan has been submitted. Non-residential Land use proposed overall comprising 24.43ha: Mixed Use Local centre Primary School Medical Centre Infrastructure Public Open Space	Potential De	nsity								
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19.2 (on 40.63ha overall site area) Indicative Dwelling Range 500 DPH 30.8 (on 16.2ha residential area) Indicative Dwelling Range 500 Phasing 0-5 years 6-10 years x 11-15 years x 16+ years Conclusion The site is deemed suitable for residential development. Small areas of the site are at risk of surface water flooding and future proposals would need to satisfactorily address this and provide suitable mitigation where necessary. Consideration to heritage assets and potential environmental impacts will also need to be made as part of any future proposals. The site is both available and achievable. The site is deemed to be developable. Developers have indicated 500 dwellings on site to be the optimum site capacity for the development to be viable considering the infrastructural provision associated with the development. Optional proposal for 800 dwellings has also been proposed, which is claimed to bring more infrastructural benefits. Lowering dwelling numbers further will not make the development unviable however, that will likely lead to a reduction in the additional benefits such as not releasing land for a country park. Illustrative masterplan has been submitted. Non-residential Land use proposed overall comprising 24.43ha: Mixed Use Local centre Primary School Medical Centre Infrastructure Public Open Space	•	in 60:31:9	split)); 48dp	h average						
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DPH 30.8 (on 16.2ha residential area) Phasing 0-5 years 6-10 years x 11-15 years x 16+ years Conclusion The site is deemed suitable for residential development. Small areas of the site are at risk of surface water flooding and future proposals would need to satisfactorily address this and provide suitable mitigation where necessary. Consideration to heritage assets and potential environmental impacts will also need to be made as part of any future proposals. The site is both available and achievable. The site is deemed to be developable. Developers have indicated 500 dwellings on site to be the optimum site capacity for the development to be viable considering the infrastructural provision associated with the development. Optional proposal for 800 dwellings has also been proposed, which is claimed to bring more infrastructural benefits. Lowering dwelling numbers further will not make the development unviable however, that will likely lead to a reduction in the additional benefits such as not releasing land for a country park. Illustrative masterplan has been submitted. Non-residential Land use proposed overall comprising 24.43ha: Mixed Use Local centre Primary School Medical Centre Infrastructure Public Open Space		19.2 (on 40).63ha overa	all site area)						
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Suitable Yes Available Yes Achievable Yes				Available	Yes	Achievab	le	Yes		



Air Quality alternative access to Site CFS8c considered was from Lo Lane, however this would only provide a through-route to through a residential garden and along the northern bound Love Lane play area. This is outside the boundary of Site and is not considered appropriate. A development of this would also require two vehicular access points, which is considered to be unachievable.								
Potential Environmental Impacts	• TPC): There is a TPO along t	he western boun	dary of the site.				
Landscape Character	• Vete	eran and Ancient Trees	: There are seve	ral veteran trees				
Air Quality (AQMA)	and	one ancient tree in the se	outh-western are	ea of the site.				
Local Wildlife Site								
Local Nature Reserve								
• SSSI								
Ancient Woodland	Ancient Woodland							
Tree Preservation Order	Tree Preservation Order							
Ancient/Veteran Tree								
Further Constraints/Considerations:								
 There is a public right of way running through the centre of the site. Settlement Hierarchy (Core Strategy, 2011): The site is located at the edge of the Key Centre of Abbots Langley. 								
Availability (ownership/legal issu	es)							
The site is in single ownership and	he site is bein	g promoted by the lando	wner.					
Achievability								
The promoters of the site have not	specified any i	ssues regarding the viabi	ility in developing	g the site.				
Potential Density								
Indicative DPH30-40Indicative Dwelling Range342-456								
Phasing								
	/ears x	11-15 years		16+ years				
Conclusion								
Although access to the site is not currently available, the landowners have indicated possible solutions to this.								
The site is therefore considered su								
Suitable Yes	Available	Yes	Achievable	Yes				