

## Three Rivers District Council 2019/20 Annual Assurance Statement and Internal Audit Annual Report 7 July 2020

## Recommendations

Members are recommended to:

Note the Annual Assurance Statement and Internal Audit Annual Report

Note the results of the self-assessment required by the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS) and the Quality Assurance and Improvement Programme (QAIP)

Accept the SIAS Audit Charter

Seek management assurance that the scope and resources for internal audit were not subject to inappropriate limitations in 2019/20

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### 1. Purpose and Background

#### Purpose of Report

- 1.1 This report:
  - Details the Shared Internal Audit Service's (SIAS) overall opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of Three Rivers District Council's (the Council) control environment. Reference is made to significant matters and key themes
  - Shows the outcomes of the self-assessment against the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS) incorporating the requirements of the Quality Assurance and Improvement Programme (QAIP)
  - Summarises the audit work that informs this opinion
  - Shows SIAS's performance in respect of delivering the Council's 2019/20 audit plan
  - Presents the 2020/21 Audit Charter

#### <u>Background</u>

- 1.2 A key duty of the Head of Assurance is to provide an annual opinion on the Council's internal control environment. This opinion informs the conclusions of the Council's Annual Governance Statement.
- 1.3 The assurance opinion in this report is based on 2019/20 internal audit work which was planned and amended to give sufficient assurance on the Council's management of its key risks. Also considered is any relevant work undertaken in 2020/21 before the committee report deadline.
- 1.4 SIAS is grateful for the co-operation and support it has received during 2019/20.

## 2. Annual Assurance Statement 2019/20

#### <u>Context</u>

#### Scope of responsibility

2.1 Council managers are responsible for ensuring Council business is conducted in accordance with the law and proper standards, and that public money is safeguarded, properly accounted for, and used economically, efficiently and effectively. They are also responsible for ensuring internal controls are robust and risk management arrangements are appropriate.

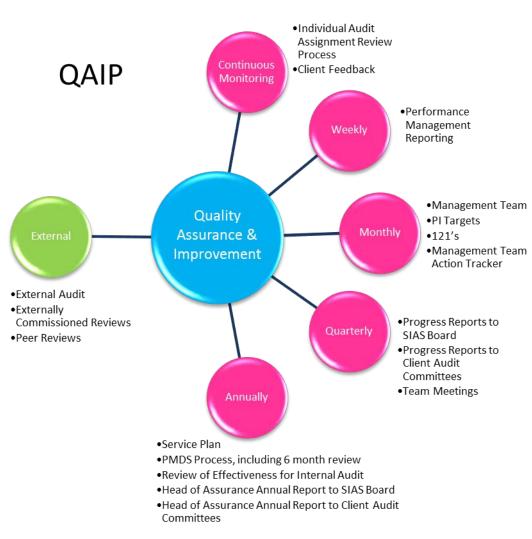
#### Control environment

- 2.2 The control environment comprises three key areas: internal control, governance, and risk management. Together these aim to manage risk to an acceptable level but not to eliminate it.
- 2.3 A robust control environment helps ensure that the Council's policies, priorities and objectives are achieved.

#### Review of effectiveness

- 2.4 The Head of Assurance must confirm annually that the internal audit function is suitably qualified to carry out the work that informs the assurance opinion.
- 2.5 As part of a QAIP, a self-assessment was conducted against the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS). The PSIAS encompass the mandatory elements of the Chartered Institute of Internal Auditors (CIIA) International Professional Practices Framework (IPPF). They promote professionalism, quality, consistency and effectiveness of internal audit across the public sector. They highlight the importance of robust, independent and objective internal audit arrangements to provide senior management with the key assurances needed to support them in both managing the organisation and producing the Annual Governance Statement.
- 2.6 The PSIAS also requires that the SIAS be subject to an external quality assessment at least once every five years. This should be conducted by a qualified, independent assessor or assessment team from outside the organisation. The next external assessment was due in November 2020. Given the logistical challenges of facilitating an external assessment in the current environment, coupled with the reduction in robustness and value of a more remote review, the SIAS Board have approved a proposal to defer the external assessment from November 2020 to May 2021 at the latest. Such a decision is in line with guidance produced by the IIA, where external assessments can be deferred subject to the completion of a robust internal self-assessment, the outcomes of which are detailed below.
- 2.7 Based on the results of the PSIAS self-assessment, the Head of Assurance has concluded that SIAS 'generally conforms' to the PSIAS, including the Definitions of Internal Auditing, the Code of Ethics and the International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing. 'Generally conforms' is the highest rating and means that SIAS has a charter, policies and processes assessed as conformant to the Standards and is consequently effective.
- 2.8 The 2019/20 self-assessment identified 2 areas of agreed nonconformance. These are detailed in Appendix C. There are no significant deviations from Standards which warrant inclusion in the Council's Annual Governance Statement.

- 2.9 The SIAS QAIP includes both internal and external monitoring and reporting to assess the efficiency and effectiveness of internal audit activity and identify opportunities for improvement. The diagram below details the methods used to monitor and report on these. Detailed information outlining activity in each area is contained in the SIAS Audit Manual.
- 2.10 The Head of Assurance confirms that during 2019/20 SIAS operated according to its QAIP with evidence available within the service to support the achievement of each QAIP element.



Confirmation of independence of internal audit and assurance on limitations

- 2.11 The Head of Assurance confirms that during the year:
  - no matters threatened SIAS's independence; and
  - SIAS was not subject to any inappropriate scope or resource limitations.

#### Annual Assurance Statement for 2019/20

Assurance opinion on internal control

2.12 Based on the internal audit work undertaken at the Council in 2019/20, SIAS can provide the following unqualified opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Council's control environment, broken down between financial and non-financial systems.



Assurance opinion on Corporate Governance and Risk Management

2.13 SIAS has concluded that the corporate governance and risk management frameworks substantially comply with the CIPFA/SOLACE best practice guidance on corporate governance. This conclusion is based on the work undertaken by the Council and reported in its Annual Governance Statement for 2019/20 and the results from the Risk Management audit completed in 2019/20. These arrangements are also considered during annual audit planning and the delivery of individual audit assignments.

(plin 1)

Chris Wood Head of Assurance for the Shared Internal Audit Service May 2020

# 3. Overview of Internal Audit Activity at the Council in 2019/20

- 3.1 This section summarises work undertaken at the Council by SIAS in 2019/20. It highlights internal control matters and opportunities for improvement.
- 3.2 Appendix A shows the final position against the agreed revised audit plan, assurance levels and the number of recommendations made, with a comparison against 2018/19.

Assurance Level	Number of reports 2019/20 (2018/19 data in brackets)	Percentage of reports 2019/20 (2018/19 data in brackets)
Good	7 (10)	33% (42%)
Satisfactory	8 (10)	38% (42%)
Limited	1 (0)	5% (0%)
No	0 (0)	0% (0%)
Not Assessed	2 (2)	10% (8%)
Not yet finalised	3 (2)	14% (8%)
Total	21 (24)	100% (100%)

Recommendation Priority Level	Number of recommendations 2019/20 (2018/19 data in brackets)	Percentage of recommendations made 2019/20 (2018/19 data in brackets)
Critical	0 (0)	0% (0%)
High	3 (0)	9% (0%)
Medium	18 (8)	51% (27%)
Low	14 (22)	40% (73%)
Total	35 (30)	100% (100%)

3.3 **The satisfactory overall assurance opinion overall on financial systems** has been concluded from the nine financial systems audits undertaken in the year where an opinion has been given. Seven have been finalised of which six received good assurance and one satisfactory assurance. The remaining two audits (Council Tax and Benefits) were at draft report stage at the time of writing this report and the ability to finalise these has been impacted by reduced officer time as the Council focuses on activities in response to COVID-19 and subsequent planning for returning to business as usual. Both of these audits have a provisional opinion of satisfactory assurance opinion and have been considered when determining the overall assurance opinion for financial systems audits. No critical or high priority recommendations were made in any of the financial systems audits.

3.4 **The satisfactory overall assurance opinion on non-financial systems** has been concluded from the ten non-financial systems audits undertaken where an opinion has been given. Nine have been finalised, with one receiving limited assurance, seven satisfactory assurance and one good assurance. The limited assurance opinion relates to the audit of Taxi Licensing, where three high priority recommendations were made. This has not however, affected the overall assurance rating for non-financial systems.

The remaining audit is in fieldwork at the time of writing this report. The ability to complete and finalise this audit has been impacted by reduced officer time as a result of COVID-19.

# 4. Performance of the Internal Audit Service in 2019/20

#### Performance indicators

4.1 The table below compares SIAS's performance at the Council against the 2019/20 targets set by the SIAS Board.

Indicator	Target 2019/20	Actual to 31 March 2020
<b>1 SIAS Planned Days</b> – percentage of actual billable days delivered against planned billable days	95%	<b>98%</b> 254 days delivered out of a total of 260 (283 agreed days less 23 unallocated days)
2 SIAS Planned Projects – actual completed projects to draft report stage against planned completed projects	95%	<b>95%</b> 20 projects delivered out of a total of 21 agreed projects
<b>3 SIAS Annual Plan</b> – presented to the March Audit Committee or the first meeting of the financial year should a March committee not meet.	Deadline met	Achieved
<b>4 Client Satisfaction</b> - client satisfaction questionnaires returned at 'satisfactory overall'	100%	<b>100%</b> (Based on 3 received)

#### Annual Assurance Statement and Internal Audit Annual Report Three Rivers District Council

level (minimum of 39/65 overall)		
<b>5 Head of Assurance's Annual</b> <b>Report</b> – presented at the first Audit Committee meeting of the financial year.	Deadline met	Achieved
6 Number of Critical / High Priority Audit Recommendations agreed	95%	<b>100%</b> (3 made in 2019/20)

#### Service Developments

- 4.2 During 2019/20 key service developments for SIAS included:
  - Staffing the delivery of core learning and coaching for all members of staff. This included external training on the principles of risk and internal control, and the practical application of data analytics within audit testing strategies. This will need to become embedded professional practice in 2020/21 in order to add further value to internal audit work. A Team Charter has also been developed to set expectations for core values and behaviours amongst staff and to create a link to the IPPF and the PSIAS.
  - Practice the template used for setting out the terms of reference for each audit assignment was revised and subsequently piloted at two SIAS partners. This received positive feedback from recipients and will now need to be rolled out during 2020/21. The revised template provides a means to explicitly link internal audit work to those things which prevent service objectives being met and to highlight alternative sources of assurance so that any audit duplication/overlap can be avoided where possible.
  - Technology replacement computer hardware and software has been rolled out to all staff. This has facilitated more effective remote working, for example by using video conferencing and other communication tools. An automated Performance Dashboard has also been produced as a means of monitoring individual staff performance against targets. This tool has helped to inform one to one discussions and annual appraisals. A review of the SIAS web offering has also commenced.

## 5. Audit Charter 2020/21

5.1 The PSIAS require a local authority to formally adopt an Audit Charter which covers the authority and responsibility for an internal audit function.

- 5.2 The SIAS Audit Charter sets out the framework within which it discharges its internal audit responsibilities to those charged with governance in the partner councils. It details the permanent arrangements for internal audit and key governance roles and responsibilities to ensure the effectiveness of internal audit provision.
- 5.3 The Audit Charter is reviewed annually. The 2020/21 review did not result in any fundamental changes although a number of minor amendments were made. The 2020/21 Charter is attached at Appendix D.

#### 2019/20 Three Rivers District Council Audit Plan

	Level of Assurance	F	Recommendations			Plan Days	Audit progress /Status
		С	Н	М	L		
Key Financial Systems							
Revenues and Benefits Parameter Testing (shared plan)	Not Assessed	-	-	-	-	3	Final Report Issued
Benefits (shared plan)						13	Draft Report Issued
Council Tax (shared plan)						13	Draft Report Issued
Creditors (shared plan)	Good	0	0	0	0	10	Final Report Issued
Debtors (shared plan)	Satisfactory	0	0	1	0	13	Final Report Issued
Main Accounting (shared plan)	Good	0	0	0	0	12	Final Report Issued
NDR (shared plan)	Good	0	0	1	2	12	Final Report Issued
Payroll (shared plan)	Good	0	0	1	0	12	Final Report Issued
Treasury Management (shared plan)	Good	0	0	0	0	7	Final Report Issued
Budget Monitoring (shared plan)	Good	0	0	0	0	6	Final Report Issued
Operational Audits							
Financial Account Reconciliations (shared)	Satisfactory	0	0	1	1	11	Final Report Issued

CIL Spend	-	-	-	-	-	1	Cancelled
Taxi Licensing	Limited	0	3	1	3	10	Final Report Issued*
Development Management (enforcement)	Good	0	0	0	1	8	Final Report Issued
Community Strategy	Satisfactory	0	0	3	0	8	Final Report Issued*
Payments to Employees on Non-Standard Contracts	Satisfactory	0	0	2	1	11	Final Report Issued
Property – rent and lease administration	Satisfactory	0	0	2	1	12	Final Report Issued
DFG Capital Grant Certification	N/A	-	-	-	-	1	Complete
Procurement / Contract Management							
Contract Management	Satisfactory	0	0	1	5	11	Final Report Issued
Risk Management & Corporate Governance							
Risk Management	Satisfactory	0	0	4	0	6	Final Report Issued
Shared Learning							
Shared Learning Newsletters and Summary Reports	-	-	-	-	-	3	Complete
Joint Reviews – Hertfordshire Building Control						7	In Fieldwork
IT Audits							
Cyber Security (shared plan)	Satisfactory	0	0	1	0	13	Final report issued

IT Operations (shared plan)	-	-	-	-	-	1	Cancelled
To Be Allocated							
To Be Allocated (shared plan)						23	
Anti-Fraud							
No audits							
Ad-Hoc							
Ad-Hoc Advice	-		-	-	-	2	Complete
Follow-Up Audits							
Follow up of outstanding audit recommendations	-		-	-	-	9	Complete
Strategic Support							
2020/21 Audit Planning	-		-	-	-	4	Complete
Audit Committee	-		-	-	-	11	Complete
Monitoring & Client Liaison	-	-	-	-	-	10	Complete
Liaison with External Audit	-		-	-	-	1	Complete
Head of Internal Audit Opinion 2018/19	-		-	-	-	2	Complete
SIAS Development	-		-	-	-	3	Complete

AGS -		-	-	-	3	Complete
2018/19 Projects Requiring Completion						
2018/19 Projects Requiring Completion (5		-	-	-	11	Complete
Plan Days					283	
Recommendations	0	3	18	14		

\* - At Draft Report stage at 31 March 2020, Final Report issued after year end

\*\* - Draft Report issued after 31 March 2020

Key to Assurance Level and Recommendation Priority Levels:

N/A = Not Applicable

C = Critical priority recommendation; H = High priority recommendation; M = Medium priority recommendation; L = Low priority recommendation

Levels of assurance				
Good Assurance	The design and operation of the internal control framework is effective, thereby ensuring that the key risks in scope are being well managed and core objectives will likely be achieved. There are minor reportable audit findings.			
Satisfactory Assurance	The internal control framework is largely working well in managing the key risks in scope, with some audit findings related to the current arrangements.			
Limited Assurance	The system of internal control is only partially effective, with important audit findings in key areas. Improvement in the design and/or operation of the control environment is necessary to gain assurance risks are being managed to an acceptable level, and core objectives will be achieved.			
No Assurance	The system of internal control has serious gaps, and controls are not effective in managing the key risks in scope. It is highly unlikely that core objectives will be met without urgent management intervention.			

Priority of recommendat	ions
Critical	Audit findings which, in the present state, represent a serious risk to the organisation as a whole, i.e. reputation, financial resources and / or compliance with regulations. Management action to implement the appropriate controls is required immediately.
High	Audit findings indicate a serious weakness or breakdown in control environment, which, if untreated by management intervention, is highly likely to put achievement of core service objectives at risk. Remedial action is required urgently.
Medium	Audit findings which, if not treated by appropriate management action, are likely to put achievement of some of the core service objectives at risk. Remedial action is required in a timely manner.
Low / Advisory	Audit findings indicate opportunities to implement good or best practice, which, if adopted, will enhance the control environment. The appropriate solution should be implemented as soon as is practically possible.

#### APPENDIX C – PROGRESS AGAINST PUBLIC SECTOR INTERNAL AUDIT STANDARDS AT MAY 2020 – ACTION PLAN

Section A: Conformance - During 2019/20 all areas apart from those identified in Section B below are conforming.

#### Section B: Intentional Non-Conformance

Ref	Area of Non-Conformance with the Standard	Commentary	
3.1a	Purpose, Authority and Responsibility		Non-conformance
	Does the board (defined as the Audit Committee) approve decisions relating to the appointment and removal of the Chief Audit Executive (CAE) (Head of Assurance)?	The Director of Resources, Hertfordshire County Council (HCC), in consultation with the Board of the Shared Internal Audit Services approves decisions relating to the appointment and removal of the CAE. This is as provided for in the governance of the Shared Internal Audit Service.	No further action proposed. The current arrangements are considered effective given the shared nature of SIAS.
3.1c	Purpose, Authority and Responsibility		Non-conformance
	Does the chief executive or equivalent undertake, countersign, contribute feedback to or review the performance appraisal of the CAE?	The performance appraisal is carried out by the Director of Resources (HCC).	No further action proposed. The appraisal process was carried out by the Director of Resources (HCC) with input from all partner chief finance officers. The current arrangements are considered effective given the shared nature of SIAS.



## Audit Charter 2020/21

#### 1. Introduction and Purpose

- 1.1. Internal auditing is an independent and objective assurance and consulting activity. It is guided by a philosophy of adding value to the operations of an organisation. It assists a council to achieve its objectives and ultimately provides assurance to the public by systematically evaluating and improving the effectiveness and efficiency of risk management, control and governance processes.
- 2. <u>Scope</u>
- 2.1. This Charter applies to all clients of the Shared Internal Audit Service (SIAS).

#### 3. <u>Statutory Basis of Internal Audit</u>

- 3.1. Local government is statutorily required to have an internal audit function. The Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 require that 'a relevant authority must undertake an effective internal audit to evaluate the effectiveness of its risk management, control and governance processes, taking into account public sector internal auditing standards or guidance'.
- 3.2. In addition, a council's Chief Finance Officer has a statutory duty under Section 151 of the Local Government Act 1972 to establish a clear framework for the proper administration of the authority's financial affairs. To fulfil this requirement, the S151 officer relies, amongst other sources, upon the work of internal audit.
- 4. <u>Role</u>
- 4.1. SIAS internal audit activity is overseen by each council's committee charged with fulfilling audit committee responsibilities herewith referred to as the Audit Committee. As part of its oversight role, the Audit Committee is responsible for defining the responsibilities of SIAS via this Charter.

4.2. SIAS may undertake additional consultancy activity requested by management. The Head of Assurance will determine such activity on a case by case basis assessing the skills and resources available. Significant additional consultancy activity not already included in the Internal Audit Plan will only be accepted and carried out following consultation with the SIAS Board and the Audit Committee.

#### 5. <u>Professionalism</u>

- 5.1. SIAS governs itself by adherence to the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS). These standards include the Definition of Internal Auditing, the Code of Ethics and the International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing. They set out the fundamental requirements for the professional practice of internal auditing and the evaluation of the effectiveness of an internal audit function's performance.
- 5.2. SIAS also recognise the Mission of Internal Audit as identified within the IPPF, 'To enhance and protect organisational value by providing risk-based and objective assurance, advice and insight' and the Core Principles for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing, which demonstrate an effective internal audit function, achieving internal audit's mission.
- 5.3. SIAS's operations are guided by its operating procedures manual as well as applicable, Chartered Institute of Internal Auditors (CIIA) Position Papers, Practice Advisories and Guides, and relevant council policies and procedures, including compliance with the Bribery Act 2010.
- 5.4. Should non-conformance with the PSIAS be identified, the Head of Assurance will investigate and disclose, in advance if possible, the exact nature of the non-conformance, the reasons for it and, if applicable, its impact on a specific engagement or engagement outcome.

#### 6. <u>Authority and Confidentiality</u>

- 6.1. Internal auditors are authorised full, free, and unrestricted access to any and all of a client's records, physical properties, and personnel as required to carry out an engagement. All client employees are requested to assist SIAS in fulfilling its roles and responsibilities. Information obtained during the course of an engagement is safeguarded and confidentiality respected.
- 6.2. Internal auditors will only use information obtained to complete an engagement. It will not be used in a manner that would be contrary to the law, for personal gain, or detrimental to the legitimate and ethical objectives of the client organisation(s). Internal auditors will disclose all material facts known which if not disclosed, could distort a report or conceal unlawful practice.

#### 7. Organisation

- 7.1. The Head of Assurance and their representatives have free and unrestricted direct access to Senior Management, the Audit Committee, the Chief Executive, the Chair of the Audit Committee and the External Auditor. The Head of Assurance will communicate with any and all of the above parties at both committee meetings and between meetings as appropriate.
- 7.2. The Chairman of the Audit Committee has free and unrestricted direct access to both, the Head of Internal Audit, and the Council's External Auditor.
- 7.3. The Head of Assurance is line managed by the Director of Resources at Hertfordshire County Council (HCC), who approves all decisions regarding the performance evaluation, appointment, or removal of the Head of Assurance, in consultation with the SIAS Board. Each client's Section 151 Officer is asked to contribute to the annual appraisal of the Head of Assurance.

#### 8. <u>Stakeholders</u>

The following groups are defined as stakeholders of SIAS:

- 8.1. The Head of Assurance and the Head of the Shared Internal Audit Service, both suitably experienced and qualified (CCAB and / or CMIIA), are responsible for:
  - hiring, appraising and developing SIAS staff in accordance with the host authority's HR guidance,
  - maintaining up-to-date job descriptions which reflect the roles, responsibilities, skills, qualifications, and attributes required of SIAS staff
  - ensuring that SIAS staff possess or obtain the skills, knowledge and competencies (including ethical practice) needed to effectively perform SIAS engagements.
- 8.2. The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the effectiveness of SIAS and holding the Head of Assurance to account for delivery. This is achieved through the approval of the annual audit plan, approval of performance targets set by the SIAS Board and receipt of regular reports.
- 8.3. The Audit Committee is also responsible for overseeing the effectiveness of the governance, risk and control environment within the Council, holding operational managers to account for its delivery.
- 8.4. The Audit Committee, as set out in its formal Terms of Reference, also ensures that there is appropriate communication of, and involvement in, internal audit matters as required from the wider publicly elected Member body.

- 8.5. Senior Management, defined as the Head of Paid Service, Chief Officers and their direct reports, are responsible for helping shape the programme of assurance work. This is achieved through analysis and review of key risks to achieving the Council's objectives and priorities.
- 8.6. The SIAS Board is the governance group charged with monitoring and reviewing the overall operation of SIAS, including:
  - resourcing and financial performance,
  - operational effectiveness through the monitoring performance indicators, and
  - the overall strategic direction of the shared service

#### 9. <u>Independence and Objectivity</u>

- 9.1 No element in the organisation should interfere with audit selection, scope, procedures, frequency, timing, or report content. This is necessary to ensure that internal audit maintains the necessary level of independence and objectivity.
- 9.2 As well as being impartial and unbiased, internal auditors will have no direct operational responsibility or authority over any activity audited. They will not implement internal controls, develop procedures, install systems, prepare records, or engage in any other activity that might impair their judgment.
- 9.3 When asked to undertake any additional roles/responsibilities outside internal auditing, the Head of Assurance will highlight to the Audit Committee any potential or perceived impairment to independence and objectivity having regard to the principles contained within the PSIAS Code of Ethics as well as any relevant requirements set out in other professional bodies to which the CAE may belong. The Audit Committee will approve and periodically review any safeguards put in place to limit any impairments to independence and objectivity.
- 9.4 The Head of Assurance will confirm to the Audit Committee, at least annually, the organisational independence of SIAS.

#### 10. <u>Conflicts of Interest</u>

- 10.1. Internal auditors will exhibit clear professional objectivity when gathering, evaluating, and communicating engagement information. When forming judgments, they will make a balanced assessment of all relevant circumstances and not be influenced by their own interests or the views and interests of others.
- 10.2. Each auditor will comply with the ethical requirements of his/her professional body and proactively declare any potential conflict of interest, whether actual or apparent, prior to the start of an engagement.

- 10.3. All auditors sign an annual declaration of interest to ensure that the allocation of work avoids conflict of interest. Auditors who undertake consultancy work or are new to the team will be prohibited from auditing in those areas where they have worked in the past year. Audits are rotated within the team to avoid over-familiarity and complacency.
- 10.4. SIAS procures an arrangement with an external partner to provide additional internal audit days on request. The external partner will be used to deliver engagements as directed by the Head of Assurance in particular providing advice and assistance where SIAS staff lack the required skills or knowledge.
- 10.5. In the event of a real or apparent impairment of independence or objectivity, (acceptance of gifts, hospitality, inducements or other benefits) the Head of Assurance will investigate and report on the matter to appropriate parties.

#### 11. <u>Responsibility and Scope</u>

- 11.1. The scope of SIAS encompasses, but is not limited to, the examination and evaluation of the adequacy and effectiveness of the organisation's governance, risk management, and internal control processes (as they relate to the organisation's priorities and objectives) and the promotion of appropriate ethics and values.
- 11.2. Internal control and risk management objectives considered by internal audit extend to the organisation's entire control and risk management environment and include:
  - consistency of operations or programs with established objectives and goals, and effective performance
  - effectiveness and efficiency of governance, operations and employment of resources
  - compliance with significant policies, plans, procedures, laws, and regulations
  - design, reliability and integrity of management and financial information processes, including the means to identify, measure, classify, and report such information
  - safeguarding of assets
- 11.3. SIAS is well placed to provide advice and support on emerging risks and controls and will, if requested, deliver consulting and advisory services or evaluate specific operations.
- 11.4. SIAS is responsible for reporting to the Audit Committee and senior management, significant risk exposures (including those to fraud), control and governance issues and other matters that emerge from an engagement.

11.5. Engagements are allocated to (an) internal auditor(s) with the appropriate skills, experience and competence. The auditor is then responsible for carrying out the work in accordance with the SIAS Operating Procedures Manual, and must consider the relevant elements of internal control, the needs and expectations of clients, the extent of work required to meet the engagement's objectives, its cost effectiveness, and the probability of significant error or non-compliance.

#### 12. Role in Anti-Fraud

- 12.1. The SIAS work programme, designed in consultation with Senior Management and the Audit Committee, seeks to help deter fraud and corruption.
- 12.2. SIAS shares information with relevant partners to increase the likelihood of detecting fraudulent activity and reducing the risk of fraud to all.
- 12.3. The Head of Assurance should be notified of all suspected or detected fraud, corruption or impropriety so that the impact upon control arrangements can be evaluated.

#### 13. Internal Audit Plan

- 13.1. Following discussion with appropriate senior management, the Head of Assurance will submit a risk-based plan to the Audit Committee for review and approval. This will occur at least annually. The plan sets out the engagements agreed and demonstrates the priorities of both SIAS (the need to produce an annual internal audit opinion) and those of the organisation. Also included will be any relevant declarations of interest.
- 13.2. The plan will be accompanied by details of the risk assessment approach used and will make reference to the organisation's assurance framework. Also shown will be the timing of an engagement, its budget in days, details of any contingency for new or changed risks, time for planning and reporting and a contribution to the development of SIAS.
- 13.3. The plan will be subject to regular review in year and may be modified in response to changes in the organisation's business, risks, operations, programmes, systems and controls. All significant changes to the approved internal audit plan will be communicated in the quarterly update reports.

#### 14. Reporting and Monitoring

14.1. A draft written Terms of Reference will be prepared and issued to appropriate personnel at the start of an engagement. It will cover the intended objectives, scope and reporting mechanism and will be agreed with the client. Changes to the terms of reference during the course of the engagement may occur and will be agreed following consultation with the client.

- 14.2. A report will be issued on completion of an engagement. It will include a reasoned opinion, details of the time period and scope within which it was prepared, management's responses to specific risk prioritised findings and recommendations made and a timescale within which corrective action will be / has been taken. If recommended action is not to be taken, an explanation for this will also be included.
- 14.3. SIAS will follow-up the implementation of agreed recommendations in line with the protocol at each client. As appropriate, the outcomes of this work will be reported to the Audit Committee and may be used to inform the risk-based planning of future audit work. Should follow-up activity identify any significant error or omission, this will be communicated by the Head of Assurance to all relevant parties. A revised internal audit opinion may be issued on the basis of follow-up activity.
- 14.4. In consultation with senior management, the Head of Assurance will consider, on a risk-basis, any request made by external stakeholders for sight of an internal audit report.
- 14.5. Quarterly update reports to the Audit Committee will detail the results of each engagement, including significant risk exposures and control issues. In addition, an annual report will be produced giving an opinion on the overall control, governance, and risk management environment (and any other issues judged relevant to the preparation of the Annual Governance Statement), with a summary of the work that supports the opinion. The Head of Assurance will also make a statement of conformance with PSIAS, and detail the nature and reasons for any impairments, qualifications or restrictions in scope for which the Committee should seek reassurances from management.

#### 15. <u>Periodic Assessment</u>

- 15.1. PSIAS require the Head of Assurance and the SIAS Board to make arrangements for an independent review of the effectiveness of internal audit undertaken by a suitably knowledgeable, qualified and competent individual or organisation. This should occur at least every five years.
- 15.2. The Head of Assurance will ensure that continuous efforts are made to improve the efficiency, effectiveness, and quality of SIAS. These will include the Quality Assurance and Improvement Programme, client feedback, appraisals and shared learning with the external audit partner as well as coaching, supervision, and documented review.
- 15.3. A single review will be carried out to provide assurance to all SIAS partners with the outcomes included in the partner's Annual Report.

#### 16. <u>Review of the Audit Charter</u>

- 16.1. The Head of Assurance will review this charter annually and will present, to the first Audit Committee meeting of each financial year, any changes for approval.
- 16.2. The Head of Assurance reviewed this Audit Charter in May 2020. It will next be reviewed in May 2021.

Audit Committee	The governance group charged with independent assurance of the adequacy of the risk management framework, the internal control environment and the integrity of financial reporting.
Management	Operational officers of the Council responsible for creating corporate policy and organising, planning, controlling, and directing resources in order to achieve the objectives of that policy. Senior management is defined as the Head of Paid Service, Chief Officers and their direct reports.
The SIAS Board	The Board that comprises officer representatives from the client authorities and that is responsible for the governance of the SIAS partnership
The Audit Plan	The programme of risk-based work carried out by the Shared Internal Audit Service on behalf of its clients
The Public Sector Internal Audit Standards	These standards, which are based on the mandatory elements of the Institute of Internal Auditors (IIA) International Professional Practices Framework (IPPF), are intended to promote further improvement in the professionalism, quality, consistency and effectiveness of internal audit across the public sector. They reaffirm the importance of robust, independent and objective internal audit arrangements to provide stakeholders with the key assurances they need to support them both in managing and overseeing the organisation and in producing the annual governance statement.

#### Glossary of Terms

#### Note:

For readability, the term 'internal audit activity' as used in the PSIAS guidance has been replaced with 'SIAS' in this Charter.